



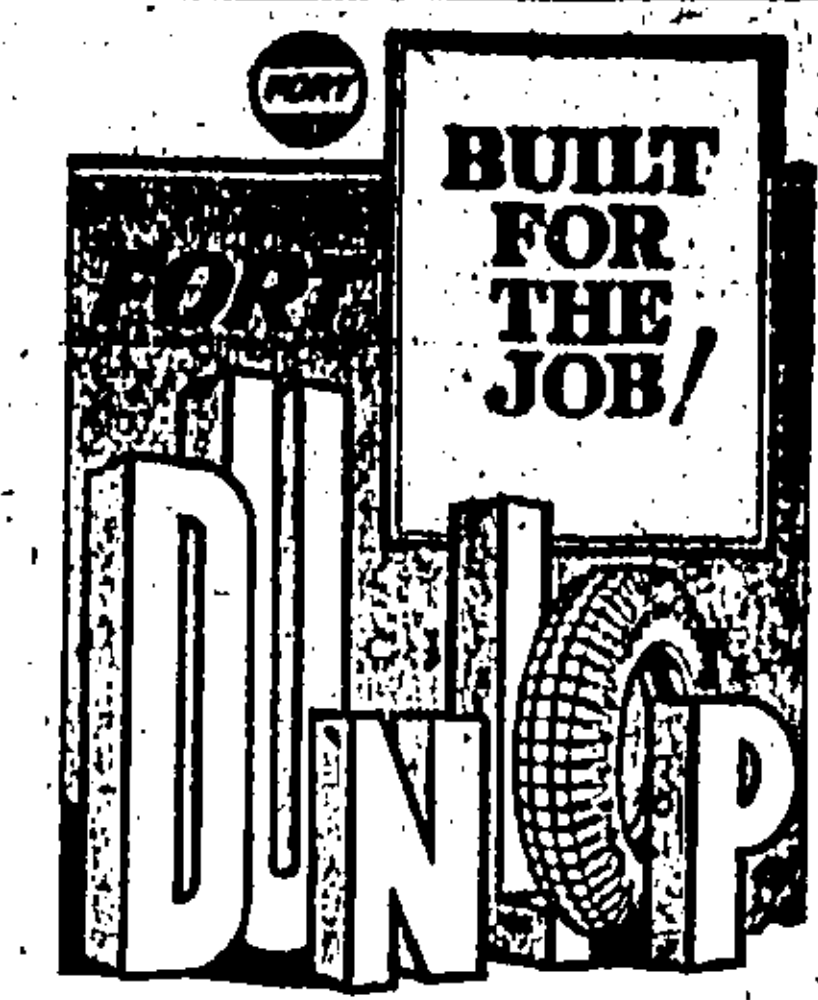
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18, Queen's Road, Hong Kong.
MODERN, IMP.

The Hongkong Telegraph

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1931. 日一十月四 三拜禮 號七廿月五亥港香

Library, Supreme Court
Library, High Court
Dollar on Demand—11/10
Lighting up Time—10/1
Sight Water—11/10
Sight Water—11/10



LOCAL BRANCH. Pedder Bldg.

STABBING AFFRAY IN SHANGHAI.

AMERICAN MARINES ARRESTED.

TWO VICTIMS IN DANGEROUS CONDITION.

DRUNKEN BOUT CLIMAX.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT).

INVOLVED IN a sensational stabbing affray during a drunken bout in Shanghai, two members of the U.S. Marine Corps were last night taken into custody by the Police of the International Settlement, and face serious charges of causing grievous bodily harm to two Chinese.

There is a grave possibility that the affair will take a more serious turn. Both victims of the attack are in a dangerous condition.

WILD DASHES AT CROWD.

Shanghai, May 27. Chuh Shih-hsiang, a fairly well-known Shanghai tailor, and one of his apprentices, are lying in the Paulun Hospital this morning, hovering between life and death, as the result of knife wounds inflicted last night by two American Marines.

They were stabbed in the course of an extraordinary incident at the corner of Avenue Road and Gordon Road. Their assailants fled, but were chased by a crowd of Chinese and, it is learned, have since been taken into custody.

Witnesses' Story. According to witnesses of the stabbing, both of the Marines were in an intoxicated condition. They had been riding in rickshaws, and decided to alight in front of a drug store. On getting out of the vehicles, they tried to walk away without paying, it is suggested, whereupon the coolies naturally ventured a protest.

An altercation ensued, and naturally enough the argument between the Marines and the coolies attracted a fairly large crowd of curious onlookers.

Suddenly, the Marines decided to run for it, and bolted down the street, followed by the coolies and the bystanders, who thought the incident to be great fun.

The affair assumed a serious aspect the next moment, however. The "fugitives" resented the crowd at their heels, and suddenly turned back, brandishing knives blindly at the crowd, which scattered in all directions, but remained nearby at a safe distance.

For some moments, the Marines, who had thoroughly lost control of themselves at this stage, spent themselves in making wild rushes at small parties, sweeping their knives threateningly, and attempting to chase them away.

The spectators of the distasteful affair were all Chinese, and they kept close behind but out of danger, thus increasing the fury of the Americans.

Firearms as Weapon. On passing a ten-shop near the corner of Gordon and Avenue Roads, one of them seized some fireworks and again made a rush towards their pursuers.

At this moment, Chuh Shih-hsiang, whose tailor's shop is situated at No. 1229, Avenue Road, appeared in the doorway to see what the commotion was about.

Chuh was nearest to the drunken men and they both made a dash at him, snatching him with their knives.

One of his apprentices who rushed to his master's assistance was also badly wounded. Thoroughly frightened themselves by this time, and possibly

GLOUCESTER'S SETBACK.

HAMPSHIRE SCORE GREAT WIN.

BRIGHT CRICKET AT HEADQUARTERS.

KENT'S RECORD.

Brighter cricket has come in sparkling measure from the incentive imparted by the premium on an outright win, and the week-end matches concluded to-day afforded fresh examples of alert captaincy. Hampshire's astonishing win over Gloucester at Bristol being the most notable.

Kent scored their fourth decisive win, Somerset providing the opposition, and the Hop County go to the head of the table. Yorkshire's loss of points at Manchester leaves Kent with the record of being the only side to have obtained maximum points.

Essex won for the first time. Warwick obtained their first points, and Middlesex made an upward jump as a result of a fine win against Sussex.

Weather vagaries gave captains an opportunity of employing shrewd tactics, and also converted pitches into paradises for bowlers. Only five centuries were made, two by hard-hitting New Zealanders.

The full results, together with the principal individual performances, follow:

COUNTY CHAMPIONSHIP.

Hampshire defeated Gloucester by 66 runs.
Middlesex beat Sussex by eight wickets.
Essex beat Worcestershire by 151 runs.
Kent beat Somerset by seven wickets.
Yorkshire beat Lancashire on the first innings.
Northants lost to Leicestershire on the first innings.
Surrey beat Nottinghamshire on first innings.
Warwick beat Derby on the first innings.

Friendly.

Glamorgan v. New Zealand.—Drawn.

HONOURS LIST.

Batting.
C. S. Dempster (N.Z.) 125
Bender (Middlesex) 125
Arnold (Hampshire) 111
Croom (Warwick) 103
G. L. Weir (N.Z.) 100
Not Out.

Bowling.

Freeman (Kent)	2 inns. 10 for 115
Root (Northants)	2 inns. 10 for 132
Gregory (Surrey)	2 inns. 9 for 70
Wellard (Somerset)	6 for 39
Larwood (Notts)	6 for 43
Parker (Gloucester)	6 for 45
Nichols (Essex)	5 for 43
Astill (Leicesters)	5 for 33
Kennedy (Hants)	5 for 50
P. G. H. Fender (Surrey)	5 for 51
Eastman (Essex)	4 for 27
Robinson (York)	4 for 29

HOW HAMPSHIRE WON.

Declaration in Second Innings.

Hampshire's victory over Gloucester at Bristol was well-deserved. Thanks to a fine century by Arnold, they led by seventy-two runs on the first innings, and to-day they declared with 116 on the board, and then skittled out the home side.

Hants won finally by 66 runs, possibly due in the main to the advantage of batting first on a good wicket, later upset by heavy rain. Their first innings produced 257 runs, Arnold contributing 111.

Gloucester replied with 195 (Creese, 6 for 62) and Hampshire declared on running up 116 for 9 wickets. Faced with the difficult task of scoring 139 runs to win, Gloucester were dismissed for 122, Kennedy playing a conspicuous

(Continued on Page 7.)

SOVIET SUBMARINE DISASTER.

"Sweat Den" Scandal.

Seventy Females in A Cockloft.

PACKED SHOULDER TO SHOULDER

That the conditions he found in a cockloft where some 70 women and girls were employed in hem-stitching handkerchiefs closely resembled a "sweat den" was the statement made by the Inspector of Factories, Mr. F. Meade, during the hearing of a case at the Central Police Court this morning.

The owner of the factory, registered as the Sam Ying Factory, at No. 2, Lower Lascar Row, was summoned under the Ordinance dealing with the Industrial Employment of Women and Young Persons, a law which has undergone considerable revision to meet changing local conditions. He was charged with allowing a woman employee to work during prohibited hours.

Inspector Meade stated that the woman in question was actually at work at 9.30 p.m. Though the trade was not what was defined in the Ordinance as a dangerous trade, it was situated in a slum district and the conditions approximated very closely to what would at home be called a "sweat den."

He found some 70 women and girls working at knitting machines, making handkerchiefs. They were packed shoulder to shoulder on benches in a cockloft, and some were actually sitting on boxes suspended from the walls. He had not visited the place before. The factory itself was not a new one, but it was under new ownership.

The sanitary conditions of the place left much to be desired and he had referred the question to the Sanitary Department for action.

Defendant contended that at no time had more than 50 workers in employment. On the night in question there was a presence of business on account of an urgent shipment required for Manila. In fining the defendant \$50, Mr. Schofield observed that defendant would have to improve the sanitary conditions of his factory if he desired to continue in business.

BYE-ELECTION AT MANCHESTER.

WELL-KNOWN LABOUR M.P. PASSES AWAY.

London, May 26. Yet another bye-election is necessitated by the death, which occurred to-day, of Mr. Thomas Lowth, the well-known Labour M.P., who has represented the Ardwick Division of Manchester since 1922.

The late Mr. Lowth was born in 1858 and was formerly a railwayman. For many years he had been an official of the National Union of Railwaymen.

At the last General Election, Mr. Lowth polled 29,041 votes against 13,177 cast for Miss M. L. K. Jones, the Conservative nominee.

In 1922, the Labour majority was 5,407, but in 1924 it fell to 2,826.—British Wireless.

ELECTORAL REFORM BILL.

PLURAL VOTING TO BE ABOLISHED.

London, May 21. By a majority of 36 the House of Commons last night agreed to the Electoral Reform Bill a clause abolishing plural voting.

There was no challenge to the previous decision to retain the two university seats, but, in accordance with the new clause, university graduates will have to decide between voting in their university constituency or in their home constituency.

Fatal Dive Off Finland.

FEARED LOSS OF ENTIRE CREW.

Moscow, May 26.

Brief details have just been disclosed of a terrible disaster during Russian naval exercises in the Gulf of Finland on Friday last week, when a submarine plucked to the bottom.

Every effort was made to locate the doomed craft without success and there is little doubt that the entire crew has perished.

The cause of the accident is unknown. No collision occurred. The submarine either struck a submerged object or developed trouble which prevented her from regaining the surface.

The official report of the disaster states: Submarine No. 9 of the Baltic Fleet, during training exercises in the Gulf of Finland on Friday, dived and did not reappear.

Two aeroplanes searched the spot where the submarine was seen to go down, and the observers noticed oil upon the surface of the water, grim evidence of tragedy.

Salvage of the craft is difficult owing to the fact that the water in the vicinity is a hundred fathoms deep.—Reuter.

FLYING TOUR FOR HOLIDAY.

LONDON AMATEURS ARRIVE AT NICE.

London, May 26.

Eight members of the Heston Air Club, London, who are spending their Whitsuntide holiday in a flying tour in their private machines, arrived safely at Nice last night.—British Wireless.

Dramatic Story of Deserter From Foreign Legion.

Sanctuary in Hongkong After 28-Day Journey on Foot.

A deserter from the French Foreign Legion, which he joined six years ago in a desire for adventure, subsequently more than satisfied by a long desert campaign against Abd-el-Krim and fighting with rebels in Indo-China, Albert Gall, the son of a wealthy German industrialist, arrived in Hongkong yesterday after a grim journey on foot lasting twenty-eight days, across Chinese territory.

When he made his bid for freedom, stealing away from the camp of the Legionnaires on the Indo-China border in the early hours of the morning of March 20, he was accompanied by four companions, but up to the present, he alone has made his way safely through.

Two of his friends became separated from the main party, and their whereabouts are unknown. A third was unable to stand the gruelling trek and was left in hospital at Nanning, while the other also suffered from the privations of the journey and is in hospital in Canton.

Gall, bronzed and weather-beaten, also bears the marks of a terribly severe test of endurance.

Spirit of Adventure.

While others had joined the famous Legion from force of circumstances, young Gall had an entirely different conception of the position, and it was in a spirit of adventure that he acted on an impulse and interviewed the recruiting officer at Metz one day in the

December of 1925. His physique was good, and as this was practically the only qualification required from an applicant, it being the rule of the Legion never to ask embarrassing questions regarding motives or antecedents, Gall found no great difficulty made on his account.

From Alsace Lorraine to Algeria was the next stage in the great adventure Gall had fondly marked out for himself. He was incorporated into a machine gun Company and for the next three months learned the serious business of soldiering without any of the glamour looked for from the new associations other than the strangeness of surroundings. He was to learn that his Company was to be put into some real fighting, and that against the Rif.

The Rif, Gall says, are brave, and they are "regular devils" for fighting. To the mercy of a kind Providence the young Legionnaire, now 25 years old, attributed his preservation. He passed through the hell of the next two years unscathed.

Now a Corporal, he was sent with his comrades into the Sahara to maintain vigilant watch and guard over different military outposts that marked the advance of French Colonial ambitions—the over-expanding North African Empire which Marshal Lyautey and other competent administrators have visualised for a rejuvenated and glorified France.

ON TO INDIA-CHINA. Then the march of world events diverted political attention to the Far East. (Continued on Page 4.)

EUROPEANS ATTACK ON POLICE.

STRANGE AFFAIR IN QUEEN'S-RD.

Two Detectives in a Fist Fight.

Two Europeans, dressed in civilian clothes, but believed to be soldiers, were involved in a serious fracas in Queen's Road Central, near Battery Path, last night, following an assault upon two inoffensive passers-by.

The real victims of the affair were two Chinese detectives, who were on duty in Queen's Road. They were roughly handled by the Europeans, who fled up Battery Path after a short and sharp bout of fistfights.

The incident has a rather mysterious air. It commenced from an apparently totally unprovoked attack upon two Chinese pedestrians, who blew police whistles to attract attention. The two Chinese detectives arrived on the scene, upon which the Europeans ceased to belabour their original victims, and launched a fierce attack on the newcomers, both of whom were badly knocked about.

Previous Affray.

Investigators of the trouble, recalling the affray in Pedder Street at the beginning of the month, are inclined to suspect that the original assault was half-hearted and intended only to bring the detectives upon the scene.

According to statements which the two members of the Police Force have made to their superior officers, they were on duty in Queen's Road, near Pedder Street at about 9.30 p.m. last night when they heard the sounds of police whistles being blown further along Queen's Road.

Running in towards Battery Path, the detectives encountered two Europeans, who were dressed in civilian clothes, man-handling two Chinese pedestrians.

Both Men Escaped.

On the arrival on the scene of the detectives, the Europeans turned upon them and assaulted them with their fists.

One of the men, Chang Ki, whose number is C157, was struck on the nose as well as other parts of the body and was left bleeding freely. The other man, Wong Cheuk, C360, was also hurt but less seriously.

When the detectives found themselves attacked, they broke free and instantly blew their police whistles, causing their assailants to flee. Both escaped up Battery Path.

OIL PRICE FALL EXPLAINED.

UNDER-CONSUMPTION THE REASON.

London, May 26. The main cause of the fall in oil prices, according to the report of the Royal Dutch Company for 1930, is not over-production, but under-consumption, which affects all commodities.

This is due, in the first place, to the practical disappearance from the market of 150,000,000 Russian consumers, who have been "forced drastically to lower their standard of living in order to dump commodities in foreign markets, so as to acquire funds for the Soviet's expensive five-year plan."

The second cause quoted is the fall in the value of silver.—Reuter.

WEATHER REPORT.

The Royal Observatory reports that the anticyclone is now Central between Kobe and the Bonins. A depression is still central near Tournay. A somewhat deep depression is shown to the north of Korea.

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"THESE MONEY THEORIES."

MR. C. CHAMPKIN ADDRESSES
ROTARIANS.

PRACTICE & THEORY.

Mr. C. Champkin was in his usual witty form at yesterday's meeting of the Hongkong Rotary Club, held at Messrs. Lane Crawford's restaurant, when he held forth on money theories.

The Chairman (Hon. Mr. S. W. T'sao) announced that a blackwood mallet had been presented to the Club for the Chairman's use. It bore the Rotary emblem and was the property of the Club, for which they thanked the generosity of Mr. Shields. (Applause.)

Visitors welcomed, in addition to the speaker, were Mr. R. H. Miriams, Hongkong Excavation Company; Mr. F. R. Baxter, H.M.S. Hermes; and Mr. C. I. Endert, of the Hongkong Dutch Bank. Three Rotarians from Singapore were also welcomed, these being Mr. Lawrence Lawler, Dr. Lim Hin-hoe and Mr. H. Hutchins, also Rotarian D. Spurnany, of Bandung, Java.

In addressing the gathering, Mr. Lawler said that Mr. Hutchins and himself had had the privilege of attending the first meeting of the Hongkong Club. In Singapore they had often had the privilege of entertaining members of the Hongkong Club, which, judging by the attendance, was very successful. Singapore sent their best wishes.

Mr. Spurnany extended best wishes on behalf of his Club in Java.

In speaking on "These Money Theories," Mr. Champkin said, "I feel rather diffident about addressing you on the subject of these money theories because I am sorry to say that I am rapidly losing the faculty of regarding money from the viewpoint of theory. Money presents peculiar aspects from certain angles and it has been my lot to regard it somewhat directly from an angle of my own. I am not, of course, so unreasonable as to hold that all doctrinaire theories about money are wrong merely because I know that none of them are right. The most I hope for, in the few minutes at my disposal is to lead you to a more kindly appreciation of that simple truth so well expressed by Mr. Henry Ford: 'All theories are punk'."

Let us examine, in the light of recent events, one particular aspect of money that has latterly become rather obscure and see if we can put to the test of experience a belief that is even now accepted as gospel by people who are young enough to know better. We are all familiar with that notable fallacy euphemistically termed the "quantity theory" of money. Familiarity with it has bred content and as a bright and chatty topic for discussion after an excellent tiffin on a hot day nothing could be more pleasing than the quantity theory. Yet if experience is the name we give to our mistakes we should have enough practical knowledge of it to marvel that it still survives. The quantity theory was perhaps best expressed by Dr. Johnson—generally identified as "the eminent lexicographer." You will remember that when he visited Scotland he brought back with him two very remarkable additions to our knowledge that have had a profound bearing on the science of economics for more than a century.

The first, of course, is the knowledge that it is possible for an Englishman visiting Scotland to bring back anything at all. (Laughter.) The second is contained in an entry in his Journal: "Eggs are four pence a score, not because eggs are so plentiful in this wretched country, but because pennies are so damned scarce."

How Theory Goes Astray.

Here, in a nutshell—or perhaps I should say in an egg-shell—is

the "quantity theory" of money. It is based on the well-known maxim that nothing succeeds like excess. It seeks to prove that "other things remaining constant"—which, by the way, they never do—"price levels vary directly with the supply of money." In other words, when money is plentiful commodity prices rise and we find it difficult to live within our means. On the other hand, when money is scarce things are so cheap that we find it impossible to spend our earnings. As a matter of experience we find nothing of the kind!

When the gold stocks of England were depleted after the war, as a result of the unfortunate decision to restore the gold standard at any cost, we did not find it more economical to live in England than in France that steadily accumulated the gold that England lost. On the contrary it became considerably cheaper to live abroad.

We find the Chairman of the Midland Bank telling us as recently as a month ago: "According to our experience of the working of the gold standard the flow of gold into creditor countries should have caused an expansion of money supplies. The stimulating effect on prices would in turn have enabled debtor countries to dispose of their products to better advantage, but in fact the movement of gold has had no such effect. As a consequence France, has offered us little resistance to the fall in wholesale prices as this country, which has received no accession to its stock of gold. It is clear, therefore, that the gold standard is not working as we anticipated."

Well, of course, it is quite possible that the gold standard has suddenly developed an inexplicable kink, but it is, at least, equally possible that the whole theory is wrong because it runs counter to the fact that commodity prices are not generally an effect of money supplies, but more frequently a cause. The quantity theory depends entirely on the elementary law of supply and demand as it affects money and it presupposes that the same law governs commodities, but it does not. It affects them or most of them—but it does not govern them.

Real Value of Gold.

The governing factor in commodity prices is the real value of gold in a gold standard country, and of silver in a silver standard country, but if we elect to regard gold as a standard we have to invest it with an artificial value. When we assume that a stable gold standard stabilises prices we are assuming something that is self-contradictory. The relationship of gold with other commodities is a matter of comparative, not of absolute values. The only way to stabilise prices is to establish a fluctuating standard for gold, or, if our credit is sufficiently good, we can operate on a "managed" currency of paper, controlling our supplies, not by our metallic reserves, but solely by the needs of the market as indicated by the rising or falling tendency of our index number of price levels.

I do not mean, of course, that wheat, judged by a comparative standard, would maintain its price in a year of exceptional crops, nor that silver would fail to respond to an artificial restriction of output. The law of supply and demand is not discredited by a comparative standard. It will always have some effect, but the governing effect on general, as distinguished from particular commodities, will always rest on the real value of gold. You have a daily illustration of this fact in China where conditions are reversed. Here we have a silver standard and gold is a general commodity. When your exchange broker tells you that gold bars are up—which I fear he has been telling you with monotonous regularity lately—what he really means is that silver is down, because gold bars in China are almost entirely unaffected by the law of supply and demand.

Mr. Roberts, of the National City Bank, presented this very concisely in the course of a recent address to the American Institute of Mining Engineers.

He said: "While price changes in single commodities, or in a number of commodities, may be due to the ordinary play of supply and demand, universal or general price changes are only to be accounted for by changes in the price equation of money—that is, the real value of gold."

Under our imperfect system the real value of gold in a gold standard country is regulated—or, as some would say, is wangled—by interest, and, of course, to a certain extent by eggs—as I shall presently explain.

Burden of Interest.

I have spent the best years of my life trying to find out who invented interest and why. Interest is the super-illusion of the theorists. In more enlightened times the Roman Church condemned interest as a crime comparable only to murder. Up to 1571 the charging of interest was a criminal offence in England. I very much doubt if it is quite legal now, for there is sound juristic authority for the principle that when a loan is made the property in the thing lent for the time being passes to the borrower. This was reaffirmed as late as 1920. How then can a man demand interest from another who is merely using that which is his own? To charge interest is to sell time and who can claim any ownership in time? No Mahomedan will charge interest on a loan. He will accept *sukka*, or commission, or anything else that brings in a better return than any infidel could hope to get, but he will not charge interest, and very rightly so. Not only is interest clearly immoral, decidedly illegal and devilish incongruous, but it is totally unnecessary. Let me quote in support of this view the classic case of the Guernsey Meat Market.

Something for Nothing.

A hundred years ago the bourgeois—or perhaps council of Guernsey call themselves—decided, on a sudden impulse, to create an artificial Meat Market. Now, creative art, as you know, is usually the outcome of a community's impulse, but this particular Meat Market was the impulse of the community's income—or rather of its lack of income. They needed funds and a Meat Market seemed a promising way of getting some. The difficulty was that they had not the money to pay for it and they could not even raise enough money to pay interest on a loan.

In these rather trying circumstances they had the good sense to consult a shrewd exchange broker, and following his advice they issued three thousand one-pound notes and made them legal tender, with the provision that each note would be destroyed as it was received by the Council in payment of rent from the Market stallholders. Within five years the last of the notes had been paid in and destroyed and Guernsey was possessed of the artistic and solidly built Meat Market that stands to-day a silent witness to the infamy of interest. It earns three hundred pounds a year and it cost nothing to build.

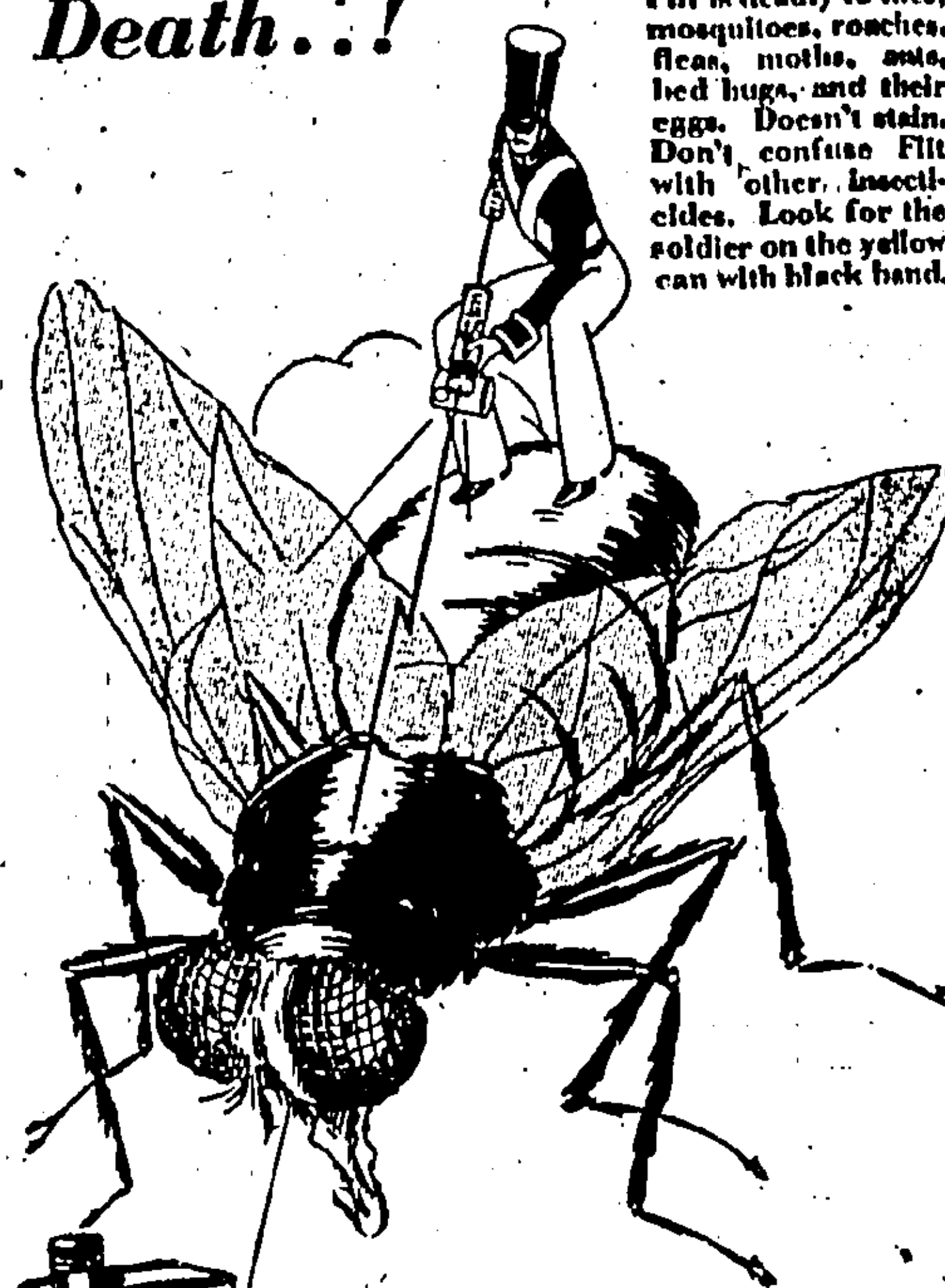
News travelled slowly in those days, but when this thing became known something akin to panic seized the money theorists. This handful of parish councillors—half foreigners at that—had cast down the idol of interest that men had worshipped for so long! They had violated the sanctity of every economic tradition by getting something for nothing! There was no end to their rascality! Learned economists wrote theses on the Guernsey Meat Market and other learned economists have written other theses at regular intervals since. For a century the theorists have tried to prove that there was a catch in it somewhere and for a century the good people of Guernsey have simply replied "Well, anyhow there's the Meat Market!"

Lord Passfield's Views.

Now, we in Hongkong are not altogether disinterested in this Meat Market affair, because one of the learned economists who has attempted to explain it is Lord Passfield, a former prominent member of the Fabian Society who

Angel of Death...!

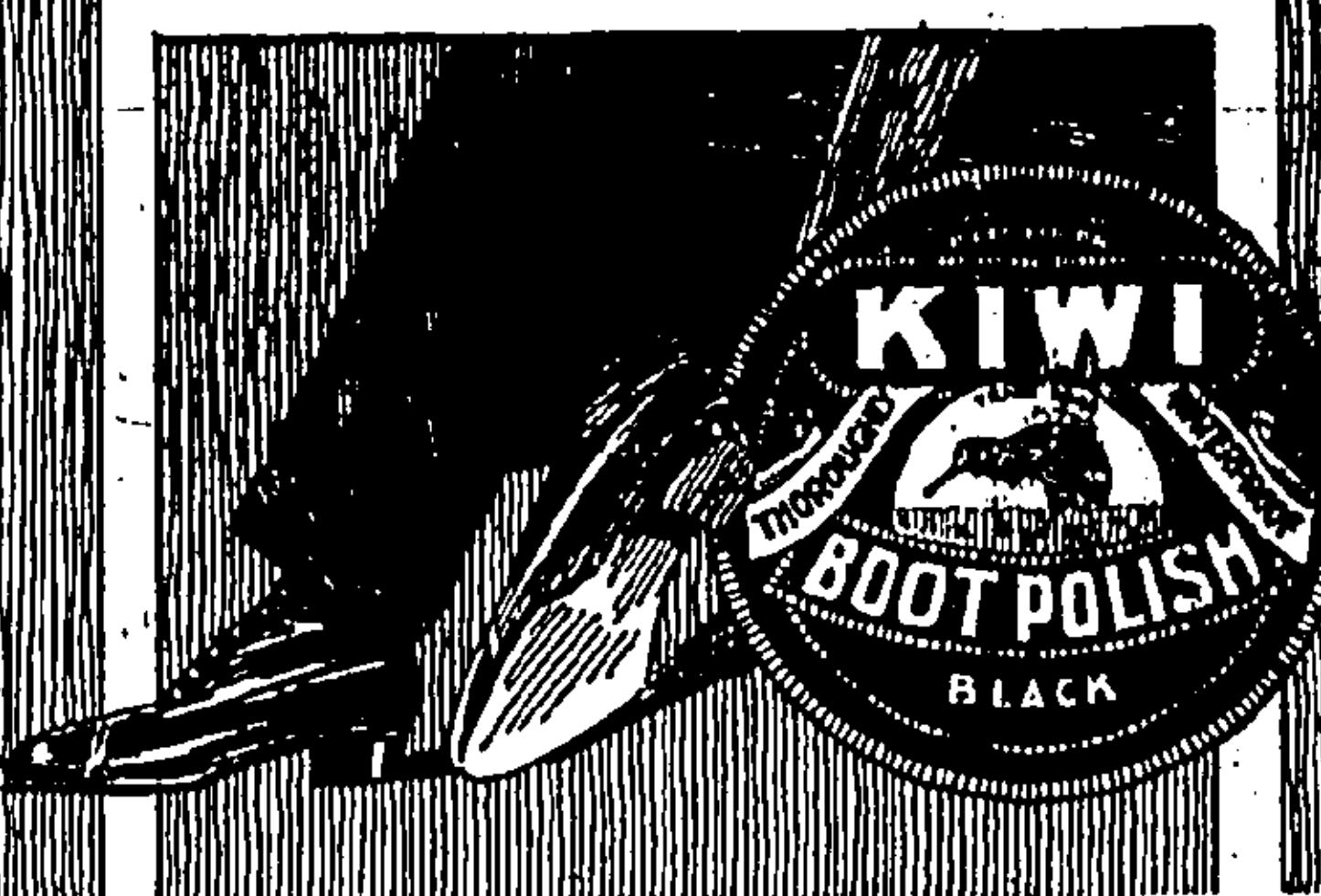
Germ-laden harbingers of disease. Flies are the black angels of death to you and your children. Kill them. Spray FLIT. Flit is deadly to flies, mosquitoes, roaches, fleas, moths, ants, bed bugs, and their eggs. Doesn't stain. Don't confuse Flit with other insecticides. Look for the soldier on the yellow can with black band.



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will probably have something to say with regard to the settlement of our own currency problem, when the recently-departed Colonial Currency Commission presents its Report a few years hence. Lord Passfield says "To many an humble student of money problems" (Continued on Page 11.)

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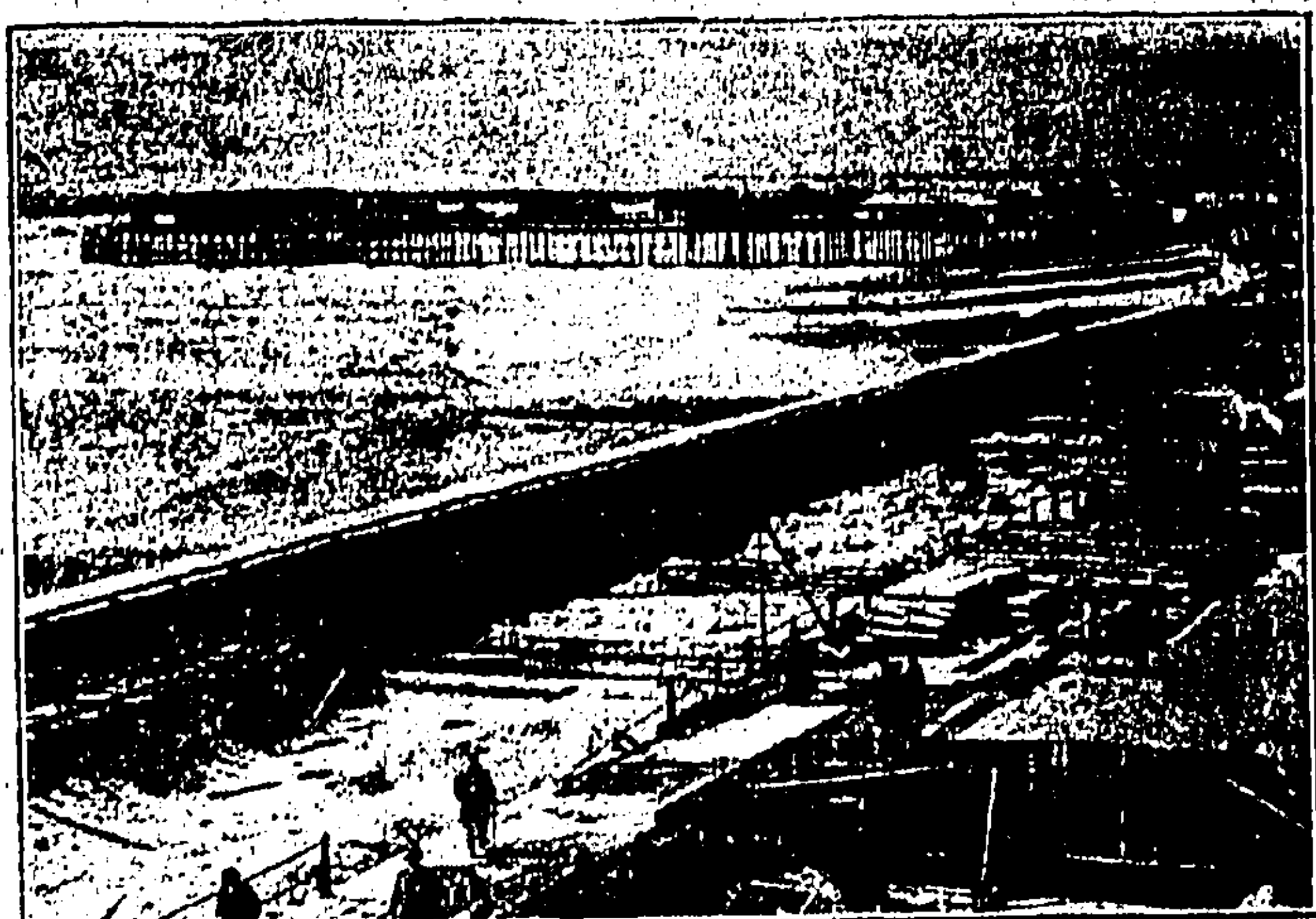


SALESMAN SAM

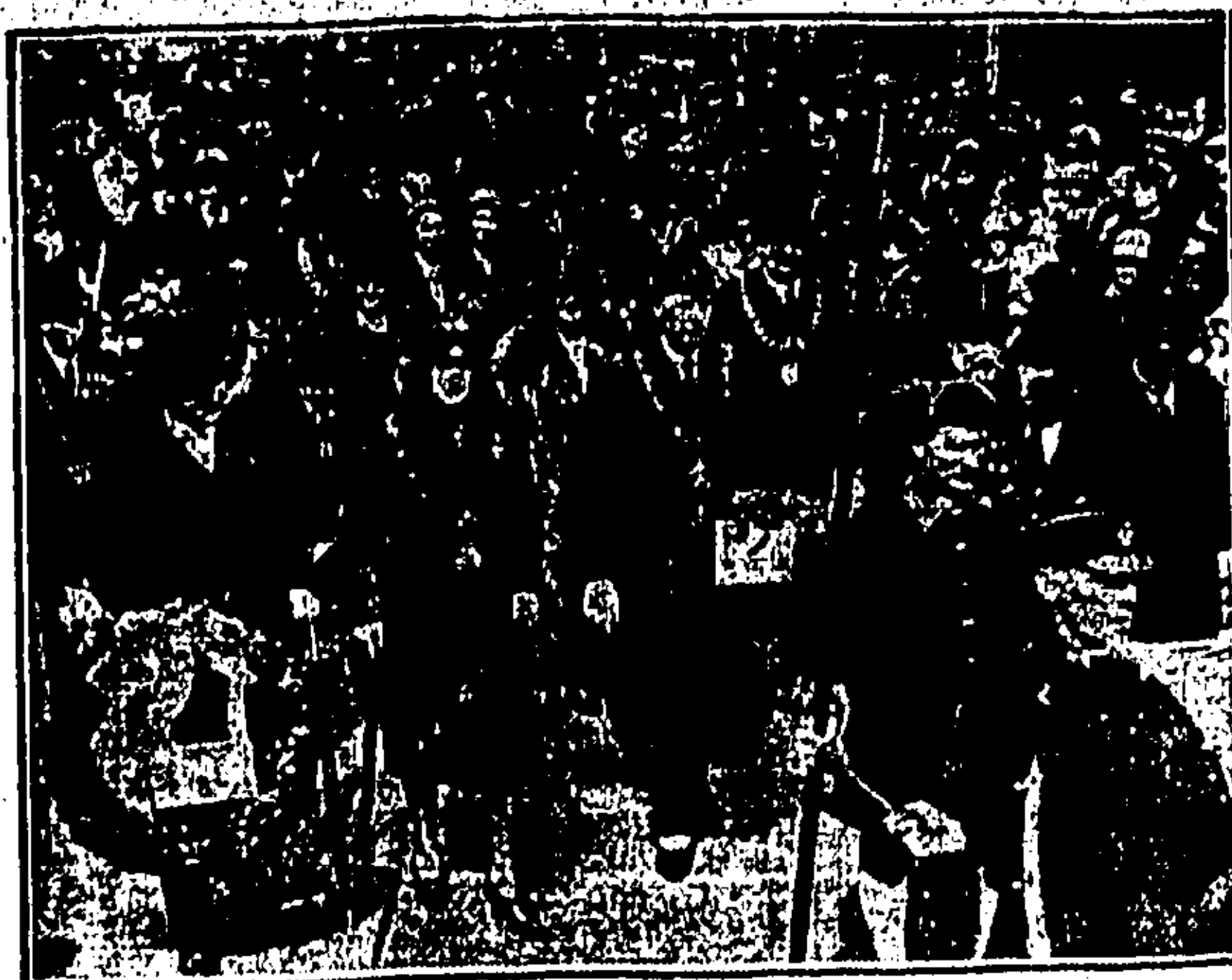


Pay Sam, Guzz!

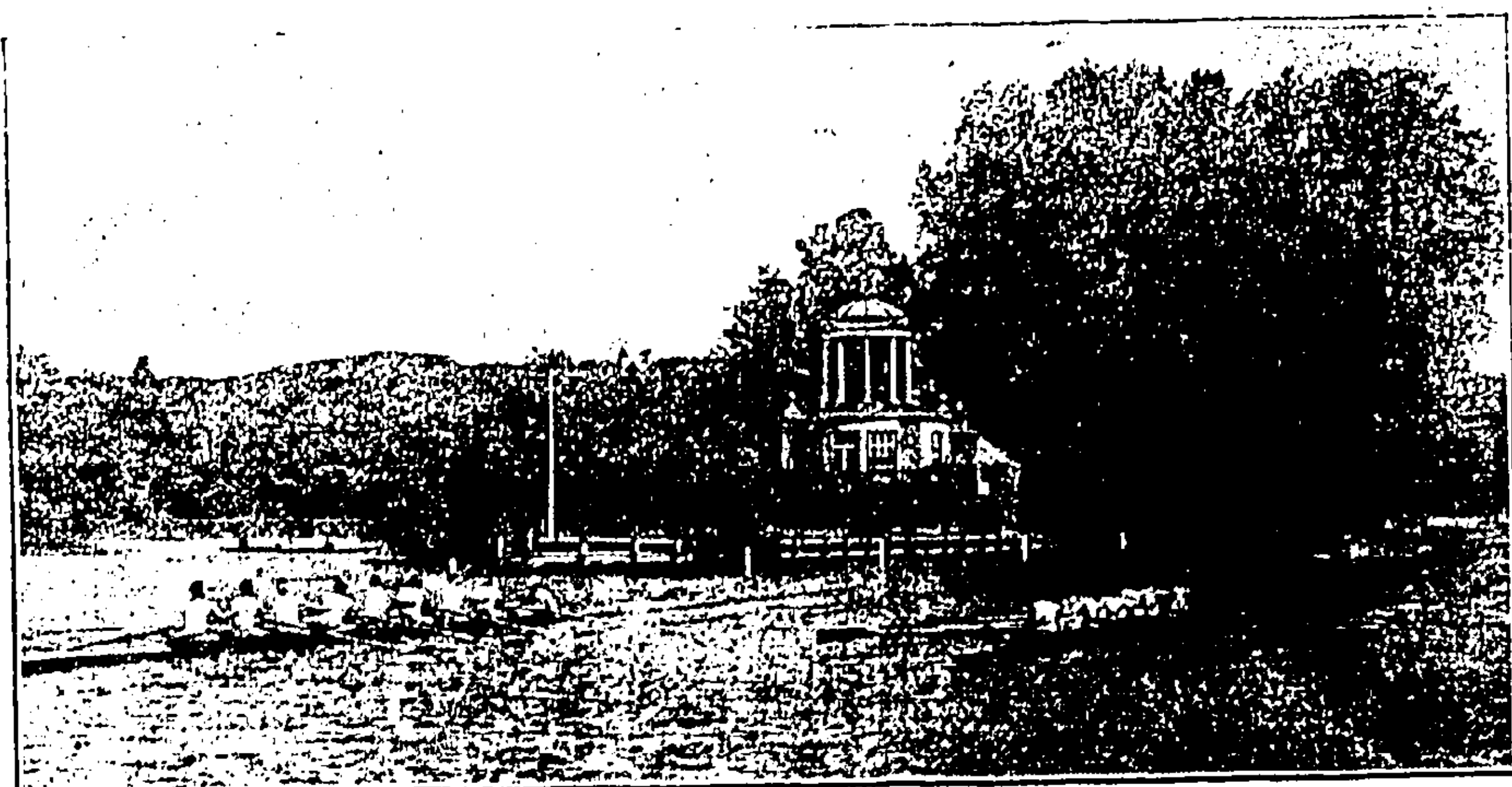
By Small



Considerable progress has been made with the work of extending the promenade at Hastings. Our picture shows the newly constructed sea wall on the eastern side of the borough. (Times copyright.)



The birthday of Shakespeare was commemorated by the customary ceremonies at Stratford-on-Avon. Our picture shows the head of the procession leaving the poet's birthplace for the church. (Times copyright.)



Temple Island, Henley, is shortly to be sold. It is a feature of the Regatta course.



A portrait of Defoe, the father of English journalism. (Times copyright.)



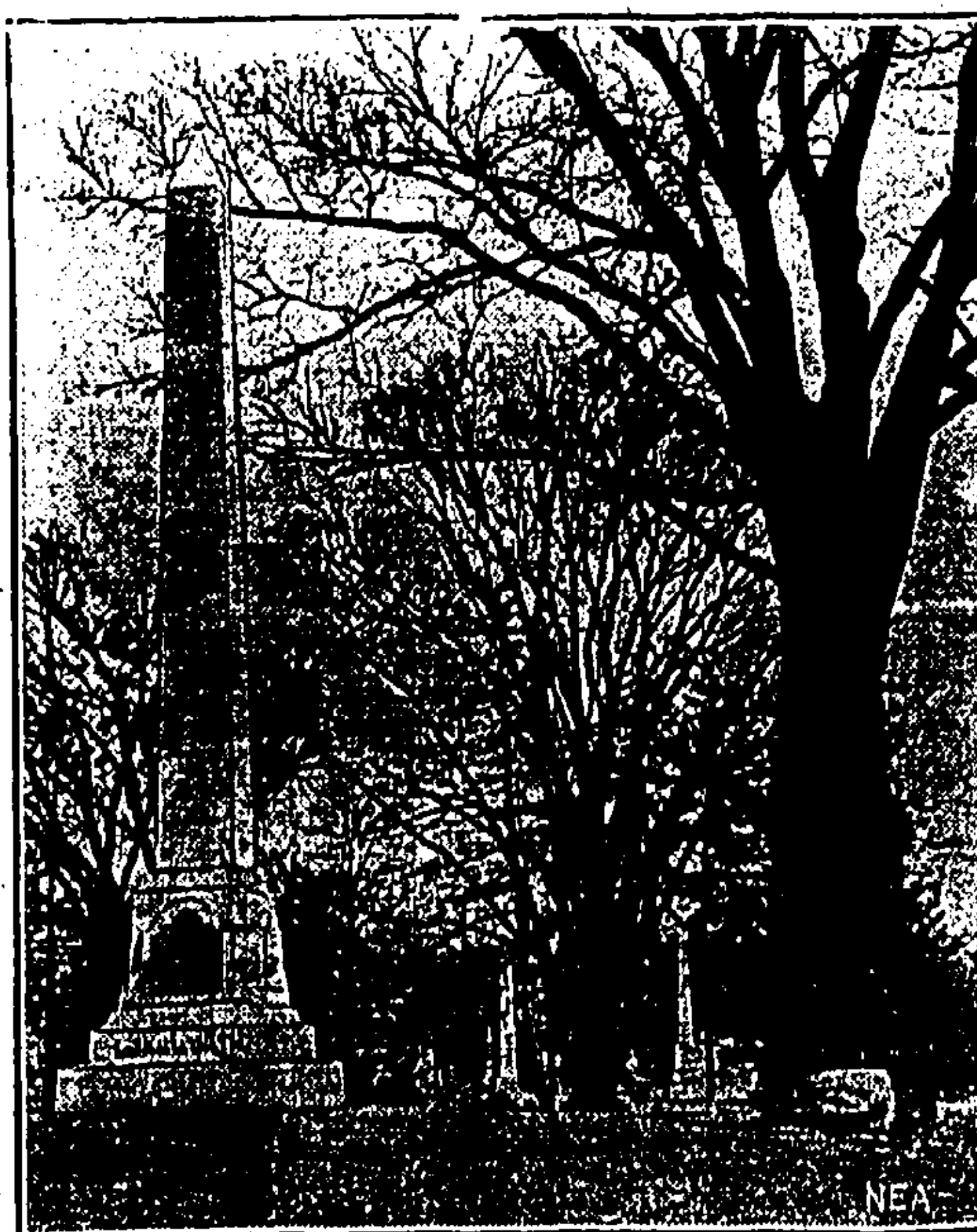
The bi-centenary of Defoe's death was celebrated recently. His greatest achievement was The Review, which marked a new era in criticism. Our picture is the frontispiece to an early edition of Robinson Crusoe. (Times copyright.)



Photo taken after the recent wedding in the German Church at Shanghai, of Miss Christa Ida Charlotte Minna Bruhn and Mr. Ottomar Gottlieb Boenig.



The flower-laden casket containing the remains of Nicholas Longworth is shown being carried by pall-bearers to the grave.



Our photo shows the last resting-place of Mr. Nicholas Longworth, Speaker of the U. S. House of Representatives.

Don't dive into your
Dress Shirt
put it on!



The old fashioned "dive" into a dress shirt was bad for the shirt and worse for the temper. The Summit Dress Shirts are cut like a coat, to put on like a coat—so much cooler and easier these hot evenings.

Summit

DRESS SHIRTS

Stiff fronts, one or two stud holes
Semi-stiff French pleated fronts, stiff
cuffs, Soft pique fronts, Soft double cuffs.

Mackintosh's

WORLD
FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY.

LIVING, THROBBING MELODY, POURING FROM THE SCREEN
WITH BOUNDLESS MAGNIFICENCE—THE SUPREME ACHIEVEMENT OF MODERN MOTION PICTURE ART!



With John Boles and Carlotta King,
122 singing voices, 116 exotic dances
and operatic orchestra of 100 players.

WARNER BROS.
SPECTACULAR
SINGING
SUCCESS!

The
DESERT SONG

with
JOHN BOLES

WARNER BROS. VITAPHONE

WHITEAWAYS

SUMMER SPORTS SHIRTS

CELLULAR NET
TENNIS
OR
SPORTS
SHIRTS

British Manufacture.
Well made from good
English Cellular net
cloth which will give
every Satisfaction.
Long or Short
Sleeves.

PRICE
\$7.50 each.

Whiteaway, Laidlaw & Co., Ltd.

TO-DAY'S WANTS.

15 WORDS \$1.50.
(82.00 if Not prepaid.)
The following, replies have been received:—

667, 671, 678, 683, 691, 695, 705, 709, 720, 722, 727, 730, 732, 733, 734, 737, 739, 750, 773, 775, 776, 792, 793, 795.

TUITION GIVEN.

LESSONS in English with particular attention to pronunciation. Also instruction in principles and history of English Law by English Barrister (Middle Temple). Moderate fees. Write Box No. 772, "Hongkong Telegraph."

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHIROPODIST (Corn remover). Fully qualified. 10 years experience in Europe. Appointments made at the Tester Beauty Parlour, Kowloon Building, Tel. 22103. (Ground Floor).

FOR SALE.

FURNISHED HOUSE on Peak, situated at Magazine Gap, four large rooms, closed-in verandah, modern sanitation, garage. Please write Box No. 800, "Hongkong Telegraph."

HOUSES, ETC.

FOR SALE OR TO LET, furnished four-roomed house at Cheung Chau. Electric Light. Large garden. Write Box No. 765, "Hongkong Telegraph."

APARTMENTS TO LET.

AIRIE HOTEL—23-25, Nathan Road, Kowloon. Under European Management. Excellent Cuisine. Modern Apartments. Terms Moderate. Three minutes from ferry. Tel. 57357.

PREMISES TO LET.

TO LET.—Furnished flat, May Road, to let for six months from June 1st or end of May. Write Box No. 792, "Hongkong Telegraph."

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

The Half Yearly General Meeting of Voting Members will be held at the Club House, Happy Valley, on Wednesday, 27th May, 1931, at 5.15 p.m.

ALL members are cordially invited to attend and participate in any discussion which may ensue. AND NOTICE is hereby given that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Voting Members of the Hongkong Jockey Club will be held at the Club House on the 27th day of May, 1931, immediately after the half-yearly meeting of the Voting Members when the subjoined resolution will be proposed:—

"That Article 6 of the Articles of Association of the Club be altered by deleting therefrom the words 'Ordinary Members may be unlimited in number' and substituting therefor the words 'The number of Ordinary Members shall be one thousand two hundred or such greater number as the Voting Members shall from time to time determine.'"

AND NOTICE is also hereby given that a further Extraordinary General Meeting of the Voting Members of the Club will be held at the same place on Wednesday, the seventeenth day of June, 1931, at a quarter past five o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose of receiving a Report of the proceedings at the above mentioned meeting and of confirming if thought fit as a Special Resolution the above mentioned Resolution.

BY ORDER OF THE STEWARDS,

C. B. BROWN,

Secretary.
Hongkong, 14th May, 1931.

MESSAGE HALL

MRS. S. UZUNOYE
57, Queen's Road C., 2nd floor.
Expert Masseuse.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS

\$725 a year will produce \$10,000 at death or \$20,000 at the end of 20 years if you survive. NO MEDICAL EXAMINATION. Other terms on application to

CHINA UNDERWRITERS, LTD.

LIFE ASSURANCE DEPARTMENT

Hongkong Bank Building,
Telephone 28121.

New Advertisements.

PEAK CHURCH.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of Electors of the Peak Church will be held in St. John's Cathedral Hall at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, May 28th, 1931.

ALFRED SWANN,
Hon. Secretary.

N. B.
"Any person who is qualified to vote at the Annual General Meeting of any Protestant Church in the Colony of Hongkong shall be an Elector of the Peak Church." Reg. 3.

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the FIFTY-EIGHTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Society will be held at the HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1931, at 11 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1930, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Society will be CLOSED from 1st MAY to 29th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

PAUL LAUDER,

General Manager.

Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1931.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-SECOND ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1931, at 11.15 o'clock a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1930, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 11th MAY to 29th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

PAUL LAUDER,

General Manager.

Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1931.

BRITISH TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

(Incorporated in Hong Kong).

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTY-FIFTH ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the Company will be held at its HEAD OFFICE, Union Building, Hong Kong, on FRIDAY, 29th MAY, 1931, at 11.20 a.m., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statements of Account to 31st December, 1930, and of declaring Dividends, etc.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from 11th MAY to 29th MAY, Both Days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,

PAUL LAUDER,

General Manager.

Hong Kong, 2nd May, 1931.

THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

Subscription Grifflins and Australian Ponies.

The list of Subscribers to the above will close at noon on Saturday, 30th May, 1931.

BY ORDER OF THE STEWARDS,

C. B. BROWN,

Secretary.

Lammert's Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

The Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction,

on Friday,

the 29th May, 1931,

commencing at 10.30 a.m.

At the premises of "Pamela"

(Dressmakers and Milliners)

Queen's Road, Central.

(St. Francis Hotel).

The Stock in Trade,

Shop Furniture and Fittings,

comprising:—

Ready made dresses, coats, rain coats, felt and straw hats, silk stockings, underwear, dress materials, slippers, powder boxes, fancy articles, etc., etc.

Glass show cases, teak wardrobes with bevelled glass doors, teak chest of drawers, cheval and large mirrors, carpet, curtains, shop fittings, ceiling and table fans, electric lights, etc., etc.

On View from Thursday, the 28th May, 1931.

Terms:—Cash on Delivery.

LAMMERT BROS.,

Auctioneers.

NOTICE.

I have this day admitted Mr. R. E. Lee, A. A. Dip., A.R.I.B.A., as partner and will practice at Kayamally Building under the firm name of CHAU and LEE, Architects, Civil and Electrical Engineers.

I. N. CHAU.

Hongkong, 22nd May, 1931.

THE HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB

Draft Programmes and Entry Forms for the Seventh Extra Race Meeting to be held on Saturday, 6th June, 1931, (weather permitting) may be obtained at the Race Course, Hongkong Club and Causeway Bay Stables.

Entries close at 12 o'clock noon on Thursday, 28th May, 1931.

THE HONG KONG SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF CHILDREN.

What to do to help a child.

Anyone knowing of a child who has been assaulted, neglected or ill-treated in a manner likely to cause unnecessary suffering, or injury to health, or knowing of a parent who is seeking advice on any matter concerning a child, would be doing an act of kindness by communicating at once with—

The Hon. Secretaries, H.K.S.P.C. c/o G.P.O. Box No. 513, Hongkong, or St. George's Building, Top floor.

All further steps will be taken, and expenses borne, by the Society.

The Informant's name will be kept strictly private, except in cases where malice is proved.

SCHNEIDER TROPHY.

BRITISH CREW INDULGE IN SOME PRACTICE.

London, May 26.

Bank holiday crowds in the Isle of Wight and resorts on the approaches to Southampton and Portsmouth witnessed practice flights by some members of the high speed crew now in training at Calshot for the Schneider Trophy race.

Squadron Leader Orlebar flew one of the Gloster Napier Six machines, fitted for practice. Although its speed was limited to substantially below the record in the last race, this machine when full out can do about 300 miles an hour.—British Wireless.

INDIAN MEETING.

MAY BE POSTPONED TO A LATER DATE.

London, May 26.

Views are still being exchanged between the Secretary for India, Mr. Wedgwood Benn, and the Viceroy, Lord Willingdon, as to the date on which the Federal Structure Committee of the Indian Round Table Conference should resume its sittings.

There are indications that the date originally suggested, June 29, is inconvenient to many of the delegates. On that account some postponement may be necessary.—British Wireless.

This Prospectus has been duly filed with the Registrar of Companies.

The Subscription List will be opened on Thursday, the 28th day of May, 1931, and will close on Saturday, the 30th day of May, 1931, or sooner if fully subscribed.

HONG KONG AMUSEMENTS, LIMITED.

Incorporated under the Companies Ordinances of Hong Kong, 1911-1930.

The Company is a "Hong Kong China Company" within the meaning of the above Ordinances and of the China Order in Council 1925, Part 7.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000.00

Divided into 100,000 Shares of \$10.00 each.

Of the above shares, 24,000 shares have already been issued and are credited as fully paid up. A further 24,000 shares have already been offered to and taken up by existing shareholders of the Company as on the 13th day of October, 1930, at a premium of \$2.50 per share making together with the sum of \$10.00 payable in respect of each share a total of \$12.50 per share.

Of the remainder of the Capital of the Company comprising 52,000 shares of \$10.00 each 20,000 shares of \$10.00 each are now offered for public subscription at a premium of \$10.00 per share together with the premium of \$10.00 payable in respect of each share together with the premium of \$10.00 making a total of \$20.00 is payable on application. Such shares will rank for dividend as from the First day of April, 1931.

The balance of 20,000 shares are to be offered to the public at a minimum premium of \$10.00 per share at such times and on such conditions as the Directors may think fit.

Bankers

EQUITABLE EASTERN BANKING CORPORATION

6, Queen's Road Central

HONG KONG

HO HONG BANK, LIMITED

13, Queen's Road Central

HONG KONG

Solicitors

Messrs. DEACONS

1, Des Voeux Road Central

HONG KONG

Auditors

Messrs. LINSTEAD & DAVIS

Alexandra Buildings

HONG KONG

Registered Office

QUEEN'S THEATRE

HONG KONG

Secretary

Chas. S. ROSSELET

PROSPECTUS

(a) The Company was incorporated on the 24th day of January, 1931, with the object of and for the purpose of carrying on in Hong Kong and elsewhere the business of motion picture theatre and theatre proprietors, entertainers for public and private amusements and entertainments of every description and dealers in motion pictures together with numerous other objects. The objects of the Company are fully set out in the Company's Memorandum of Association.

(b) The books of the Company have been audited since its incorporation by Mr. Greenwood, A.C.A., and subsequent to 1926 by Messrs. Linstead and Davis.

(c) The audited Balance Sheet of the Company as on the 31st March, 1930, the end of the Company's previous financial year, shows:—

Surplus of Assets over Liabilities \$268,947.50 as follows:—

Reserves as shown in the audited Balance Sheet as at 31-3-30 .. \$164,500.36

Amount placed to Reserves from Profits for year ended 31-3-30 .. 55,816.58

Cash balance carried forward to credit of next account .. 48,630.54

\$268,947.50

(The amount standing to the credit of Reserve Fund has, since the date of the above-mentioned audited Balance Sheet, been reduced by the Capitalization of \$10,000.00 as hereunder mentioned).

(d) It will be observed that although the business of the Company has, since the incorporation of the Company, continued to expand, the rapid growth in recent years in the cinema industry in China and in Hong Kong nevertheless has compelled attention to the opportunities that have occurred from time to time for further development of the Company in various directions and in order that the Board shall be in a position to take advantage of them, it is essential that the necessary capital facilities should be at their disposal.

(e) By an Order of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong dated 2nd day of December, 1930, the Reduction of the Capital of the Company from the original sum of \$200,000.00 to \$160,000.00 and a Scheme of Arrangement providing for the conversion of the existing classes of shares into Ordinary Shares ranking *pari passu* with one another were duly sanctioned and approved.

(f) At an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held on the 13th day of October, 1930, a Resolution of the Company was passed increasing the Capital of the Company from \$160,000.00 to \$1,000,000.00 by the creation of 84,000 additional Ordinary Shares of \$10.00 each to be issued to the holders of the original 8,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares of the Company in substitution for the Deferred Ordinary Shares originally held by such shareholders. Payment for these shares (which are deemed to be fully paid) has been made by the Deferred Ordinary Shareholders by the payment of the \$5.00 per share repaid on the Reduction of Capital and by a special Capital Bonus of \$5.00 per share (amounting in all to \$40,000.00) given by the Company to the Deferred Ordinary Shareholders.

(g) The anticipated development of the Company's business will, in the opinion of the Directors maintain the profits of the Company at their present level and will enable the Directors to continue to maintain the dividends paid on the Company's shares since its incorporation.

(h) The shares now offered for subscription have been underwritten for a commission of 5% on the amount thereof and such commission is payable by the Company.

(i) The minimum subscription for which the Directors may proceed to allotment is 10,000 shares of the shares now offered for public subscription.

(j) Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company may be inspected at the offices of the Company's Solicitors at any time during business hours.

(k) Applications for Shares should be made on the form accompanying the Prospectus and sent to the Company's Bankers together with a remittance for the amount payable on application.

(l) Where no allotment is made the number of shares allotted is less than the number applied for the balance of the application money will be credited in reduction of the amount payable on allotment and any excess will be returned to the applicant.

(m) Failure to pay any instalment on shares allotted when due will render all previous payments liable to forfeiture and interest at the rate of 10 per centum per annum will be charged in respect of all payments not made on their due dates.

(n) Prospectuses and Forms of Application may be obtained at the Registered Office of the Company or from the Bankers or Solicitors of the Company. Dated 27th May, 1931.

DRAMATIC STORY OF DESERTER.

(Continued from Page 1.)

another sphere, and the First Foreign Legion received marching orders to proceed to Indo-China where a new crisis for French statesmen awaited military measures. The natives there had revolted and the disturbance threatening the nature of a country-wide rebellion, threatened French rule there, in the Foremost and richest of their Colonial possessions.

Half of the Foreign Legion was embarked under a General who had had considerable experience of the Rif War. In Gall's own battalion, there were 800 men, of whom no fewer than 600 were Germans, the remainder comprising French, Belgians, Russians, Swiss and Britons. It was a composite foreign army that finally came into contact with the revolutionists of Indo-China.

Much of the fighting in which the First Legion were engaged took place around Vinh and other towns in Central Annam. Except for the first few days of the outbreak, in January last, the Company in which Gall was were not actively employed. In the suppression of the revolt in the Northern province of Tonkin, the native crack infantrymen, called tirailleurs, bore the brunt of the assaults. Gall, who fought with them, said they were brave, but they had to meet tenacious adversaries, and as often as not forgot their loyalty to the authorities by going over to the ranks of the rebels. Others refused to fight, and the military prisons were packed with mutineers, when Gall left Indo-China.

Desertion Planned.

Six years had passed since Gall joined the Legion, and although he had no special grievance against the treatment, the lure of adventure had by this time begun to pall. When not engaged in actual fighting, there was plenty of hard work to perform, mending military roads, building fortifications and other necessities of warfare in a pioneer country. With four other German-congenial spirits, he had found them—the finally planned desertion.

As to the immediate reason for his desiring to return to his home at Stuttgart, Gall told our representative that his father had written to him pointing out the desirability of his marrying and settling down. He confessed that he had his fill of adventure, and that nothing would suit him better now than to fall in with the parental wishes. He is leaving for Germany by steamer this afternoon.

The detachment was then doing frontier duty in the border town of Ha-Giang. On the night of March 20, the five men put their plans into execution. At nine o'clock they stole away from the barracks unobserved. At 1.30, swiftly covering the intervening country, they had crossed over into Chinese territory, leaving the immediate danger of pursuit behind them.

Regarding the journey overlaid of 28 days which followed, as they made a weary circuitous route to reach Canton and Hongkong, Gall has a store of reminiscences to tell. It is sufficient to the relate that he met with many dangers from the presence of bandits and officials suspicious of his intentions. It was at the best a tedious job, travelling from one village to another, subsisting scantily on rice and what other necessities kindly disposed villagers might care to offer. Gall himself had 140 Plasters on him when he deserted, and this helped him and his companions considerably in their journey of several hundred miles.

Party Separated.

Avoiding towns where French influence might cause their undoing, they finally reached Nanning, and it was here that the members of the party got separated. One of Gall's companions had to go into hospital, worn down by the hardships of the journey. At Wuchow, the next stage in the journey, two others got separated in a sampan, and at Canton, which Gall reached during the week-end, a fourth companion became seriously ill and was taken to hospital. Gall was the sole member of the party who later called on the local German Consul for assistance. He was provided with clothing and necessities, and came down to Hongkong yesterday.

As to the immediate reason for his desiring to return to his home at Stuttgart, Gall told our representative that his father had written to him pointing out the desirability of his marrying and settling down. He confessed that he had his fill of adventure, and that nothing would suit him better now than to fall in with the parental wishes. He is leaving for Germany by steamer this afternoon.

POST OFFICE NOTICE

RADIO NOTICES.

Individuals and firms are recommended to register their telegraphic addresses at the Radio Office. No charge is made for this. Letters and postcards for Europe and South America are forwarded "via Siberia" if so superscribed.

INWARD MAILS.

From	Per	Due
Canada, U.S.A., Japan and Shanghai (Vancouver, B. C., 9th May) and Europe via Siberia (London 9th May)		May 27.
Japan		May 28.
Amoy		May 29.
London parcels (London 23rd Apr.) and Straits		May 29.
Japan, Shanghai, and Europe via Siberia (London 11th May)		May 29.
Shanghai		May 29.
Europe via Negapatnam, papers only, (London 30th Apr.)		May 30.
Manila		May 30.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco 1st May)		May 30.
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco 8th May)		June 1.
Australia and Manila		June 3.
Europe via Suez (letters and papers) London, 7th May) and parcels, 30th April		June 4.

OUTWARD MAILS.

For	Per	Date and Time
Saloon		New Mathilde Wed., May 27, 8.30 p.m.
Amoy		Tainan Wed., May 27, 8.30 p.m.
Sam Shui and Wuchow		Kochow Wed., May 27, 4 p.m.
Shanghai and Europe via Siberia		Gange Wed., May 27, 4.30 p.m.
Japan and Victoria B.C.		Pongtong Thurs., May 28, 8.30 a.m.
		Protetlaus Thurs., May 28, 10.30 a.m.
		(Due Victoria B.C., 23rd June)
Sydney		Hydrangea Thurs., May 28, 8 p.m.
Poochow		Yingchow Thurs., May 28, 8.30 p.m.
Manila		Emp. of Asia Thurs., May 28, 8.30 p.m.
Swatow, Amoy and Poochow		Haiching Fri., May 29, 1 p.m.
Tourane		Chungkong Fri., May 29, 5 p.m.
Straits, Ceylon, India, Mauritius, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles		Haruna Maru Fri., May 29, K.P.O.

A CHILD'S POSER.

How Would You Answer It?

"Mother," asked little Doris, wrinkling her baby brows, "if you had married Uncle Tom and daddy had married Aunt Sarah, who would I have been?"

There is only one thing to do when the little Doras of this world start asking awkward questions and that is to promise an answer at some sufficiently distant birthday. Children who ask this type of question are revealing normal, healthy, mental development. Children who are dull and uninteresting are usually somewhat below par in their health. Physical and mental fitness are so closely inter-dependent that if a child is backward mentally, steps should be taken at once to discover what is wrong with the child's physical condition.

Sluggishness of the internal organs makes a child lethargic mentally as well as physically. Your child will be much brighter for an occasional dose of Baby's Own Tablets, the health-regulator specially for babies and young children. These pleasant-to-take tablets quickly correct indigestion, constipation and stomach and bowel troubles generally. They check diarrhoea, expel worms, allay fever, colds and croup. During teething they are a boon, easing pains instantly and thus inducing sound, natural sleep. Guaranteed to contain no opiates or narcotics, they are safe, pure and effective. All chemists can supply you.

SNAPPY DANCE TUNES

on
VICTOR RECORDS

- 22630 Would You Like to take a Walk.
One Little Raindrop.
Ornith-Sanderson.
- 22383 I Love You So Much.
Dancing the Devil.
- 22019 Sleepy Town Express.
King's Horses.
- 22233 Shepherds Serenade.
Charming.
- 22585 Tears.
Don't Forget Me.
- 22595 When Your Hair.
My Temptation.

TSANG FOOK PIANO COMPANY.

8, Des Voeux Road, Central.
(Entrance Ice House Street.)

Telephone C. 24648.

COMING??



WHEN AT HOME

The
Hongkong Telegraph.

MAY BE PURCHASED AT

SELFRIDGE'S

LONDON, W.I.

TOBACCO COMPANY SUMMONED.

CIGARS SAID TO BE FALSELY MARKED.

The manager of the Great Eastern Tobacco Company, Shanghai Street, was summoned before Mr. Hamilton, at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court this morning, for having (a) on May 20 applied a false trade description to cigars; (b) having the cigars in their possession for sale or for purposes of trade or manufacture; (c) having in their possession for sale or for purposes of trade or manufacture cigars to which a false trade mark had been applied.

Mr. D. E. Blake appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. M. A. da Silva for the defence.

Mr. Blake said the summons had been taken out on the information of Mr. Hugh Jones, and a search of the premises had been made and a very large quantity of cigars and boxes had been seized. The boxes were genuine, but the cigars had not been manufactured in Manila, but in Hongkong.

Mr. Hudson Chen Wood, assistant manager of the Tabacqueria Filipina, said that they were the sole importers to Hongkong of cigars made by the Alhambra Cigar and Cigarette Company of Manila. On being given a sample box of these cigars, he said the box was genuine but the cigars had not been manufactured by the Alhambra Company. He had been shown a number of boxes, some filled and some empty, at the Yau Ma Tei Police Station, and all the boxes were genuine, but the cigars had been manufactured locally.

Further hearing was adjourned sine die.

SNATCHER WELL PUNISHED.

PRISON SENTENCE AND A BIRCHING.

"I did not snatch the bag myself; another man snatched it and dropped it in Tai Nam Street, and I picked it up," pleaded a Chinese named Chan Tai, in answer to a charge of having stolen from a woman named Wong Sau-kan, a bandbox containing some money, a comb, a powder box and a purse, in Wong Chuk Street at 10.45 p.m. yesterday. The case came before Mr. Hamilton, at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court this morning.

Sub-Inspector Hourihan said that while the complainant was going home last night, two men came up from behind and one of them snatched the bag, so violently that she fell down. Both men ran away. The complainant cried out and her husband, who was waiting for her at her house in Wong Chuk Street, gave chase, and an Indian constable arrested defendant with the purse in his hand in Nam Chong Street. The complainant would say that she recognised the defendant as the man who had snatched the bag.

After evidence had been heard, Mr. Hamilton imposed sentence of twelve months' hard labour and 24 strokes of the birch.

LAWYER ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

ACCUSED OF DOUBLE SLAYING IN LOS ANGELES.

Los Angeles, May 21. Mr. David Harris Clark, a former district attorney, to-day surrendered to the police who were searching for him on a murder charge.

Mr. Clark is alleged to have shot and killed Mr. Herbert Spencer, an editor, and Mr. Charles Crawford, a politician, here yesterday.

Three persons who witnessed the shooting have identified Mr. Clark as the murderer. Once he ran in the primary elections for nomination as a candidate for election as a municipal judge. He was a candidate for the municipal judgeship at the time he is accused of the double murder.

WOMEN'S WORLD

FOR OUR LADY READERS.

PARISIAN NOTES.

Fashion's Colour Card.

Leading colours include delicate yellows—more inclined to apricot than lemon tones—mustard yellow, ripe corn, "French" lilac, green at its freshest, also mustard-green, currant-reds with a delicious bloom on them, biscuit, new blues, and an exquisite new pink with a strong dash of milk in it. The range of pastel colours must excite the enthusiasm of every lover of delicate colours. There are lots of blues—bright varying cerulean, others with apparently no name, they are so new, and some slate blues that look particularly well set off by voile. The new gazelle shades are very sweet. Brown is very little seen.

One colour hardly takes the lead over another. There are so many lovely ones to choose from.

A Regal Mode.



The Princess Aga Khan made a smart model for the regal costume which won her first prize in the "Super Elegance de Cote D'Azur" competition held recently at the Hotel Negresco, Nice.

Her gown was a sumptuous lace in the softest of the new greens, richly embroidered with sparkling diamonds, and moulded beautifully to the body, flaring below the hips. It sponsored the "top-toe" length, with no train and a simple décolletage in front, with a low line in the rear. Matching satin, lined with silver, made her long, fitted evening cape which was collared in black fox.

Semi-Informal.



For semi-formal occasions, Patou makes a pure white chiffon, with scalloping, adding a shawl and bouquet of pink silk roses which would be out of place at an informal party.

WOMEN ARE WEARING

Hand-painted wooden beads specially designed to match the material of their dress or suit. Some of the designs, notably one of feathers done on a string of tiny beads are miniature works of art. These wooden beads, however heavy and barbaric they look when graduated up to about an inch in diameter, are light and easy to wear. A 9-inch string comprising 41 beads weighs exactly 2 ounces.

Handkerchiefs of patterned chiffon, a yard square, or triangles of vividly patterned silk and wool, not as scarves but as cowl collars to freshen up the end-of-the-season frock.

Black and white flannel button-hole flowers, which can be had in the shops at a trifling price. Also belts with geometrical chromium-plated buckles. These buckles can be bought separately and fitted to the belt of the dress material. Belts of string, beads, American cloth or feathers are also favoured.

Clip brooches into which tiny watches are set. These are now obtainable at quite reasonable prices and look very chic if clipped on to any dress.

NEW LINGERIE.

Colour Most Important.

Colour is superlatively important where lingerie is concerned, and may match the accessories of your costume, or the costume itself. Turquoise lingerie is the preferred undergarment. Ash-pink is another. White or black and white daytime lingerie is to be had for the millions of magpie devotees. Materials in the preferred category are crepe-de-chine, lustreless satin, silk linen, and silk batiste.

The daytime idea of avoiding all transparency via your lingerie has its partisans for evening also, and the dressmaker who dressed her mannequins only in pink silk jersey bathing-suits under flowing evening akirts has not succeeded in her daring plan. As a matter of fact, there is great gasping going on in the best society over the idea, and a great protest from husbands! However, the only really nice foundation for an evening gown is the crepe-de-chine or chiffon combination-jupon that reaches just to or below the knees. When the foundation follows the dress down to the ankles or below, it is split somewhere to display the legs in glimpses.

Long-sleeved night-dresses are the smartest of the smart in Paris, and their décolletage are modest and draped, or hidden by capes and berthes.

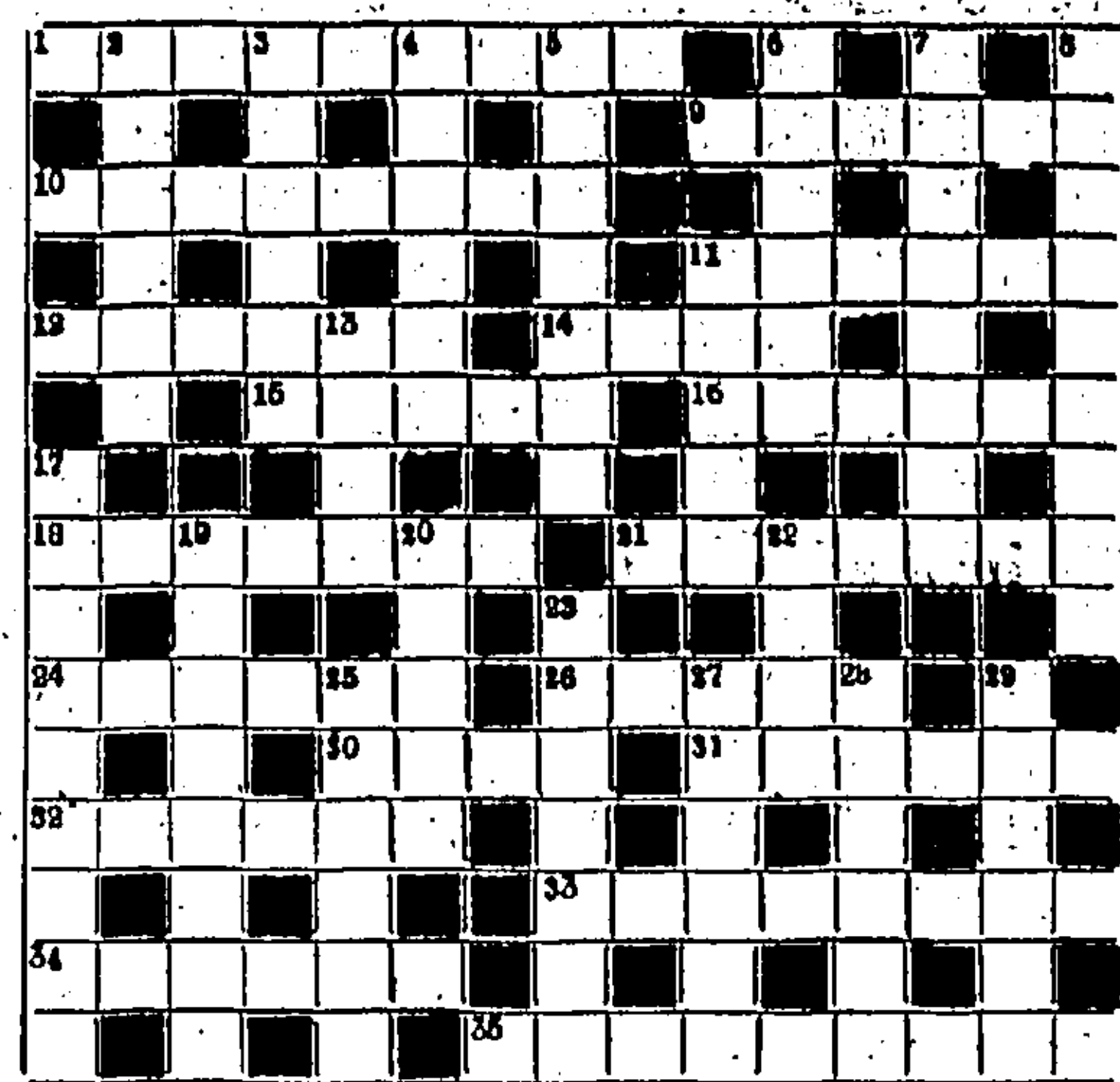
Sleeping pyjamas, with all the boyishness extracted from their lines and details, are favourites. They are mostly belted with ribbon belts.

Dainty Gown.



Charmingly informal is this delicately patterned green and pink print on white chiffon which Jean Patou makes for informal parties.

OUR BRITISH CROSSWORDS.



Across

- 1 Here a powerful light in grotesque surroundings becomes very, very cold.
- 9 Comparatively expensive.
- 10 Suspended to the left, this is greatly longed for.
- 11 We are included in the collection of curiosities—you can see us there.
- 12 Sitting here, with the sea in front, may raise your spirits.
- 14 Bring them up behind.
- 15 Shades.
- 16 My reorganised raid produces an immense number.
- 18 A celebrated Roman beauty whom 22 married—and treated badly.
- 21 Bird of the finch family.
- 24 To lose his head means little to this fellow—though bed seems to be indicated.
- 26 This ordinarily means quite unusually.
- 30 Air that is more likely to be soft and sweet than keen.
- 31 Redder.
- 32 High up in the shade, but look out for a trap.
- 33 Degrading.
- 34 Remove a part from this suite, and the remainder sounds as meant.

Down

- 2 Neither.
- 3 Silver that may be extracted from 21.
- 4 Lay a ship on one side, but take care in no doing.
- 6 Sanction.
- 8 Those who live by the first part are familiar with this state.
- 7 Jenny goes after this in the

- 5 I'm "Dormy, dear," but don't get the hump (anag.).
- 11 The mother of the child.
- 13 Unconsciousness.
- 17 This will be just as aromatic after the spike has been removed.
- 19 Extreme precision.
- 20 You'll easily find the way in here.
- 22 Famous, but infamous addler.
- 23 Here, whatever the lions may lack, we need not suffer actual hunger.
- 25 This tradesman makes a threat—better pay up.
- 27 A shake, down.
- 28 A place of refuge.
- 29 The first half may be a fountain, but the second is not. Altogether, it is often in quite a flutter.

Yesterday's Solution

PREPARATION OF
CLOTHING SHOE
ASSESSMENT
ELECTROLYTIC
RESEALING LALA
INNS OF DIADAM
RONS ONE P
TABITHA BASTION
HARRIS ROBERT
RENTAL REPLEA
I M REVERIE L
GRAPES IN NIS
HETROTA UNFOLD
TALE L M E O
S VY COLLABORATE

STICKERS



A farmer received \$100 for 100 head of stock. He got \$10 apiece for his cows, \$3 apiece for his pigs and 50 cents apiece for his sheep. How many of each did he sell?

Yesterday's Solution

Sally started with \$99.98 and spent all but \$49.99. Thus she had as many cents left as she had had dollars and half as many dollars as she had had cents.

THE CENSORSHIP.

NANKING'S ORDER APPLIES GENERALLY.

Shanghai, May 26. The censorship imposed by Nanking applies also to radiograms and land lines and includes outgoing and incoming news.—Reuter.

licence at 78, Queen's Road, Central, ground floor, while he also noted that members had no objections to the proposal by Mr. Noronha to use the basement of No. 6, Duddell Street as a workshop.

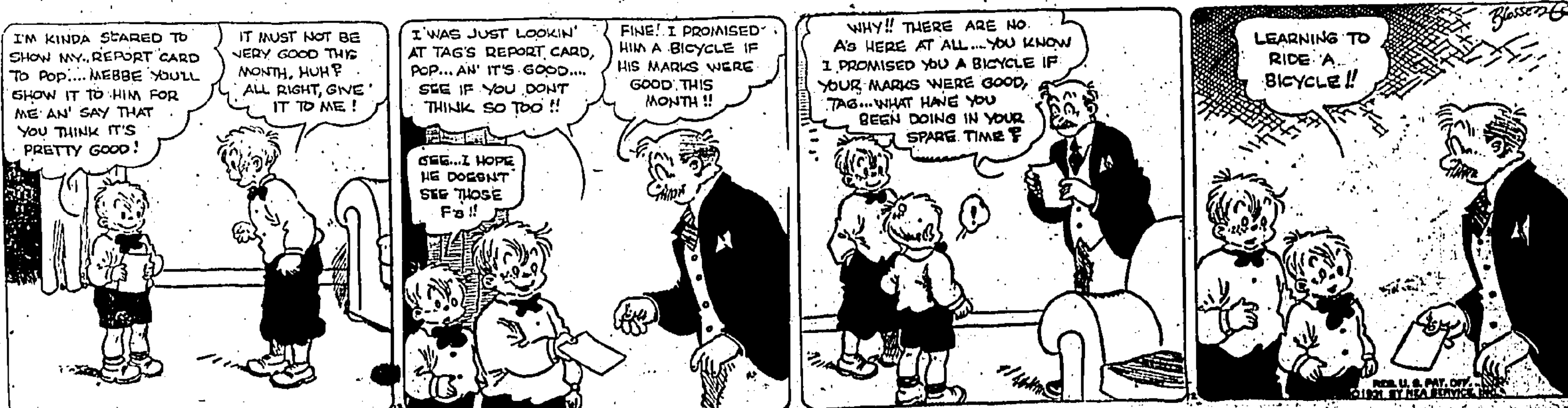
Those present besides the Chairman were the Hon. Mr. H. T. Greasy (Director of Public Works), Dr. C. W. Pope (Medical Officer of Health), Dr. W. V. M. Koch, Mr. Wong Kwong-tin, Mr. T. N. Chau, Mr. F. C. Hall, Dr. R. A. Castro Basto, Mr. J. H. Gelling (Secretary) and Mr. J. Hargreaves (Assistant Secretary).

SANITARY BOARD MATTERS.

TWO APPLICATIONS BEFORE FORTNIGHTLY MEETING.

The refusal of an application for an eating house licence and the agreement to an application to use the basement of No. 6, Duddell Street as a workshop, were mentioned by the Head of the Sanitary Department (Mr. G. R. Sayer) at a meeting of the Board yesterday. The Chairman mentioned that he noted members agreed with the Select Committee in refusing the application for an eating house

FRECKLES AND HIS FRIENDS



Tag Looks Ahead!

By Blosser

URODONAL

THE DEFINITE REMEDY FOR

RHEUMATISM

AND ALL

URIC ACID TROUBLES

SOLE AGENTS FOR HONGKONG
CANTON & MACAU

THE PHARMACY

Asiatic Building, Tel. 2084

WATSON'S PRICKLY HEAT LOTION

An infallible remedy, affords
immediate relief and effects
a speedy cure.

Prices 75 cts. & \$1.25 Per Bottle.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
ESTABLISHED 60 YEARS.

Complete ELECTRICAL RECORDINGS of GILBERT & SULLIVAN OPERAS

H. M. V. RECORDS

Album No. 38 The Mikado

Album No. 48 The Gondoliers

Album No. 74 The Yeomen of the Guard

Album No. 100 H.M.S. Pinafore

(Recorded under the personal supervision of
Rupert D'Oyly Carte.)

S. Moutrie & Co., Ltd.

Chater Road.

LIGHT-WEIGHT UNDERWEAR.

Essentially tropical in weight and
texture and specially manufactured for
us by the best makers
in the world.

Stocked in vests with
short sleeves or sleeve-
less styles—also short
drawers combinations
with short legs and
sleeves.

You are sure to find just the style you
have been looking for.

Lane, Crawford, Ltd.

MEN'S WEAR STYLISTS.

WATCH THIS AD. DAILY FOR GOOD AUTO VALUE

CHEVROLET 1½-TON 6-
cyl. NEW 1931 MODEL 26.33
h.p. Truck Chassis 131" W.B.
30 x 5 Heavy Duty Tires Dual
Rear

PRICE \$2,940.

CHEVROLET 1½-TON 6-cyl.
NEW 1931 MODEL 26.33 h.p.
Truck Chassis 131" W.B. 30
x 5 Tires Front 32 x 6 H. D.
Tires Rear with Spare etc.

PRICE \$2,800.

CHEVROLET 1½-TON DUMP
TRUCK WITHOUT Cab-New
1930 Model 6-cyl. 26.33 h.p.
131" Wheelbase

PRICE \$2,750.

VEHICLES MAY BE INSPECTED
AT OUR STUBBS ROAD GARAGE

THE HONGKONG HOTEL GARAGE.

The Hongkong & Shanghai Hotels, Ltd.
Incorporated in Hongkong.
25, Queen's Road C. and Stubbs Road.

The Hongkong Telegraph.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 27, 1931.

COUNCIL REFORM.

Hongkong and the Straits Settlements were referred to at a recent meeting in Singapore as the only two Colonies in the British Empire which does not enjoy some form of franchise. This was during a discussion, at the annual meeting of the Straits Settlements (Singapore) Association on the question of Council reform. The fact that the Imperial Government is proposing to extend the franchise in Bermuda, and even to introduce female suffrage, was commented on, one speaker suggesting that Lord Passfield might be under the impression that the Straits Settlements enjoyed the franchise, in which event he should be informed that his assumption was wrong!

Reading through the report of the meeting to which we have referred, it becomes apparent that there is considerable diversity of view among members of the Association on this matter of Council reform. In fact, the Chairman drew attention to the fact that less than one-third of the members voted in a recent referendum on the subject, and he interpreted this as indicating that the Association was definitely opposed to any alteration in the existing conditions. This view was, however, strongly opposed by other speakers, a point being made of the fact that various communal Associations favour some type of reform. One point raised was the definition of a British subject, in which connexion a query was raised as to whether Chinese or Indians born in a British Colony could claim that designation. The speaker who raised this issue confessed that he could find no law in support of the general belief that such persons were British subjects, adding that he thought people who had not shown any capacity to govern their own country should not have the right to help in governing a British Colony. A Government spokesman, however, made the point quite clear when he stated that anyone born in British territory is a natural-born British subject. The status of Chinese born in the Straits Settlements was also dwelt upon by a Chinese speaker, who said the very fact that addresses were given on Empire Day to Chinese students, impressing on them their duties and responsibilities to the Empire, made it quite clear that they were regarded as British subjects. The fact was recalled, during the meeting, that on the last occasion on

which the constitution of the Legislative Assembly was amended, it was the Government itself which took the initiative. Prior to that, the Chinese member represented the views of all the non-European communities, but now the various communities have their own representatives, a development which has been extremely successful and beneficial.

Despite the charges of lethargy brought against the Association, it is clear that there are leading spirits in it who intend to press this matter of Council reform. As a consequence, the Association has decided to join with the Penang Association in petitioning the Government to appoint a Commission to go into the whole question. It is hoped that by this method, every aspect of the issue will be calmly considered and some definite decision be reached. The Government, apparently, does not think the moment quite propitious, judging from the remarks of an official present at the meeting, but he conceded that the subject was not dead and would come up again in the near future. The questions involved are admittedly difficult, but that is no reason why they should not be faced. Frankly, we should like to see the issue taken up by Hongkong as well. An impartial investigation of the matter should be of the utmost value. In these matters, it is well that action should not lag behind public feeling.

War Debts Rejoinder.

Foreign delegates to the International Chamber of Commerce gathering in Washington appear to have come off best in a tilt with President Hoover on the war debts revision issue. Advocates of reduction or cancellation are, in these days particularly, anything but popular in the American capital, which would prefer to let sleeping dogs lie. The mere thought of open discussion of the problem is sufficient to cause disquiet. When, therefore, it became known that the International Chamber was likely to indulge in the gentle game of American Government-baiting, President Hoover seized the first opportunity to deliver a public speech professing to represent the attitude of the Government. In most quarters, the address was interpreted as a warning to Europe that it would be useless to talk about debt revision while spending such large sums on armaments. The line taken by the President was readily seized upon by delegates at their next meeting, one of the Italians pointing out that the United States herself has the world's biggest war budget. The figures for the current year in round figures, he said, were America, \$150,000,000; Great Britain, \$155,000,000; France, \$82,000,000. America had also shown the greatest percentage of increase since the War, the 1913 figures being, Britain, \$77,000,000; France, \$82,000,000, and America, \$68,000,000. The figures speak for themselves, and serving as a rather blunt rejoinder to President Hoover's attempt to silence criticism, appear timely as well as justified. One of the principal speakers during the Chamber debate was Sir Alan Anderson, of the Bank of England, who supported the Italian delegate warmly, and pointed out that while Great Britain had cancelled a greater debt than the total owed to the United States, the latter country still found it hard to accept as impartial, advice from debtor countries that they should be forgiven what they owed. The initial moves in the rather piquant situation, he noted, were made by the nations which under the Young Plan stand neither to gain nor to lose by debt revision. The Americans have since resorted to the argument that Europe's ability to pay had been demonstrated. Perhaps it has. No default has yet been recorded. At the same time, there is more than a suspicion that the impoverishment of Europe in the process has had more than a little to do with the grave American industrial depression. Revision suggestions these days are not by peoples hoping to escape liability, but by experts desirous of breaking the world depression. Unfortunately, it appears, America cannot see wisdom in this point of view.

DAY BY DAY

TO HAVE FREEDOM IS ONLY TO HAVE THAT WHICH IS ABSOLUTELY NECESSARY TO ENABLE US TO BE WHAT WE OUGHT TO BE.—Rabelais.

The P. and O. s.s. Burdwan, from Shanghai, is due here at daylight on Friday.

The Ben Line s.s. Benmachul, from Home via Straits, is due here on Sunday.

No fewer than 88 deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis were reported in the Colony last week.

The Annual Meeting of Electors of the Peak Church will be held in St. John's Cathedral Hall on Thursday, May 28th at 6.30 p.m.

Leung Yuk was sentenced by Mr. Hamilton, at the Kowloon Magistrate's Court, to two months' imprisonment for the theft of a suit case containing clothing from 43, Pakhoi Street, the property of Lo Shun-yung.

Chiu Tsung-chuen, a plasterer of the Chang Kee Building contractors shed, fell from a house under construction in Lockhart Road yesterday whilst plastering the wall between the second and third floors and received a fracture of his right thigh.

Amongst the passengers who left by the Asama Maru to-day were the Hon. Sir Shouson Chow and Lady Chow, Major A. H. Hewson and the Hon. Mrs. Hewson, Mr. W. T. Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Kennedy Skipton, and Mr. Sum Pak-ming.

Last week's return of notifiable diseases shows five non-fatal cases of typhoid (two imported), two cases of cerebro-spinal fever (one fatal), and one fatal occurrence of diphtheria. The return for yesterday shows another case of cerebro-spinal fever.

At an examination held in March last for the Shortland Certificates of Pitman Institute the following successes were obtained:—Theory Certificates: K. Mohamed, M. C. Pandey, Ip Kam-wing, Speed Certificates: 50 words a minute, M. C. Pandey; 60 words a minute, Ng Ting-ki; 70 words a minute, D. Hynes and Ip Kam-wing; 80 words a minute, C. Blumenthal. The class were taught by Miss Bascombe, B.A.

Two lots of Crown lands were disposed of at the land sale, held yesterday afternoon, at the P. W. D. office, New Kowloon Inland Lot No. 1500, in Pak Wing Street, Shum-shui, consisting of about 2,592 square feet, was sold to Mr. Fan Sung, at the upset price of \$3,888. Inland Lot No. 3180, in Yick Yam Street, Wong Nei Chung, consisting of about 2,200 square feet, was sold to Mr. Yee Tom at \$15,000, the upset price being \$11,000.

WATER LEVELS.

DETAILS FOR WEST, NORTH AND EAST RIVERS.

The following table, issued by the Kwantung River Conservancy Commission, shows in English feet the water levels on the West River, North River and East River on the dates named:

	May 25.	26.
West River at Shingling	10.8	10.5
North River at Tsingyuen	—	11.7
North River at Samshui	—	10.6
East River at Samshui	—	8.7

The highest levels recorded are:—Shingling, 41 feet; Tsingyuen, 29.2 feet; Samshui, 27.3 feet; Sheklung, 11.5 feet.
The lowest levels on record are minus 5 feet at Samshui and minus 2.7 feet at Sheklung.

Those Unpunctual Women.

By LADY WILD,
Wife of Sir Ernest Wild,
the Recorder of London.

"I'M terribly sorry, we're late, old man, but my wife says you know what women are."

And so for the hundredth or may be thousandth time the onus of unpunctuality is thrown upon the shoulders of women.

Have we any material evidence by which we can give the lie to this criticism? Unfortunately we have not, for unpunctuality is becoming a fashionable failing among women.

As long as it continues to do so I shall always have a quarrel with my sex. This practice is especially noticeable among the modern young creatures of to-day, who are wont where time is concerned, and deliberately make themselves late because they think it puts a higher value on themselves.

Only the other day a young woman openly boasted to me that she takes a delight in sauntering along the corridors of her hotel while her fiancé fumes and frets in the lounge below.

She also admitted that she enjoyed the sensation of strolling in to dinner late and receiving the glances of a score or more guests well beyond the soup stage.

Basking in the warmth of momentary notoriety, this same young creature pouts or raises a winning laugh when her hostess has the courage to remonstrate upon her unpunctuality.

"You know what women are," says the poor embarrassed man, and sinks gratefully into the proffered chair. For him the sparkle is off the champagne and the evening irretrievably ruined.

A young fellow may forgive his fiancée's lapse the first time, and if he is sufficiently in love, the second, but let it occur again, and he begins to ask, "Where shall I be in the future?"

He sees himself becoming the victim of a woman's whim, the safety valve on which she relies to excuse all her petty social sins. And as a result the wedding ring he proposed buying remains where he first saw it in the jeweller's shop window.

When married women resort to similar tricks, the outcome is even more disastrous. It is then that men learn that the cuprice which first enchanted them has turned their domestic happiness into misery. The story of the husband who brought influential business friends home to dinner only to find the cupboard bare and his wife in the early stages of dressing has become a classic.

His failure to achieve the promotion due to him is a moral that should be learned by every wife. For the fact remains that a man is frequently judged by his wife's behaviour, and many an otherwise intelligent woman has dragged her husband down to her own level on the score of unpunctuality.

Then there is the woman who keeps her dressmaker or hairdresser waiting half an hour or more, and arrives with a bland smile, no excuse, expecting to have her wants satisfied immediately.

Should she be an influential client the whole establishment is thrown into a panic. When told at last by the patient shop assistant that owing to her non-arrival the appointment had been filled, but that if madam would be good enough to wait a little while he would see what could be done, she lapses into sulks, threats, and eventually takes her custom elsewhere.

Strangely enough it is this very type of woman who is most eager to organise and help in the affairs of others. She will undertake more social welfare duties than any woman could comfortably see through in the course of a day.

Lacking a sense of time value, the work that she puts in disappears into a void, and she gradually shifts the responsibilities on to others. She is late at committees, as well as lax in presenting her reports.

But when at the end of a term of office her place is taken by a plainer, not nearly so clever woman her amazement knows no bounds. She retires, sore and humiliated, and as she thinks, a martyr to the ingratitude of others. In reality, poor soul, she is the slave of her own vice—unpunctuality.

Thus woman stands convicted of her own unpunctuality, and the only consolation I have is that her imbecility eventually brings its own punishment.

THEY DON'T UNDERSTAND IN ENGLAND.

By W. A. MUTCH.

At a critical moment in a new talking picture, "Body and Soul," Charles Farrell, as a pilot in a British flying squadron, is accused of conveying information to the enemy.

To this accusation, made by his commanding officer, he replies, "Listen here, sir! Either your dope is all wrong or I'm cuckoo!"

I do not recommend that this form of reply should be included in the rules and regulations of the Royal Air Force, but I should like to borrow it, just for a moment, and address it in all its primitive vigour to almost any commanding officer in almost any British talking picture studio, for the very good reason that there is in "Body and Soul" a British film actress who retains the name of Elissa Landi but who in every other respect is another personality.

When Elissa Landi left London to play on the New York stage the part of Catherine in "A Farewell to Arms" she was convinced she was a hopeless film subject.

Out of her experience in British studios she had acquired nothing but an "inferiority complex."

Only two British directors of pictures believed in her, and only one, in my opinion, came within a thousand miles of capturing her rare beauty. Most of the others were scared of her. Elissa Landi has brains as well as beauty. Judging by some who have been preferred to her in our studios, that may have been her handicap.

A New Personality.

Anyhow, Elissa Landi went to New York. She was sought by six different American talking picture studios and decided to go to Hollywood.

The first result of that decision is in her rendering of the part of Carla in "Body and Soul." Here we see an Elissa Landi transfigured.

In the making of the picture it is easy to see the guiding hand of a supremely sensitive director, and it is easy to see, in the photograph, the work of a wizard with a camera.

Wherever Elissa Landi moves in this picture she is followed by personal lighting, so that her features are clear and soft, and so that in her hair there is a thrilling radiance.

That is perhaps the most striking ingredient in the transformation, but it is only one item of many.

These things are not done in this country. They are not understood. They are done in Hollywood because they pay!

Hollywood knows that an essential of film entertainment is the presentation of people at their best.



"Oh, I'm always partial to eggs, any style—but Henry won't touch his if the yellow is broken."

DOCKYARD THEFT PROBLEM.**MAGISTRATE DIFFERS FROM PREDECESSOR.****INTERESTING POINT.**

A ruling made by a former Magistrate, who is now acting as Puisne Judge, as to the right view to be taken of larcenies from local dockyards, was questioned in a similar case before Mr. Schofield at the Central Magistracy to-day.

The accused, Li Sam, described as being without employment, was charged with stealing lead piping from the Talkoo Docks, and pleaded that he retrieved the stuff from a rubbish heap.

Mr. G. T. Bird, in charge of the watchmen's service at the yard, told the Magistrate that there had been frequent thefts of such material and detection in the present case had resulted from a special watch.

Mr. Schofield observed that it seemed to him that a better charge would have been one of receiving stolen goods.

Inspector Stimson, in charge of the case, replied that he had thought that all along, but Mr. Lindell, a former Magistrate, had always held that if a man was found in the Docks or coming out of the Docks with property that belonged to the establishment, the property must have been stolen, and therefore the charge could be only one of larceny.

He (Inspector Stimson) was of the view that a charge of larceny could only be brought when a person had actually been seen stealing. "Anyways, as your Worship pleases with regard to future cases," added the officer.

The accused, who had a previous conviction, was sentenced to six weeks' hard labour.

HAWKERS WITHOUT LICENCES.**CAUGHT ABOARD DUTCH STEAMER.**

Three Chinese were brought before Commr. J. B. Newill, D.S.O., R.N., at the Marine Court this morning for hawking on board the Dutch vessel Tjibadak without licences yesterday on her arrival in port.

The first defendant said he did not know the regulations. He was hawking for the first time yesterday and did not know that a licence was required. Imposing a fine of \$10, his Worship said it was the defendant's duty to acquaint himself with the laws of Hongkong.

The second defendant said his master held a hawker's licence, but he left the Tjibadak to go another vessel, leaving the defendant in charge. Defendant denied having made any sales. He was fined \$10.

With regard to the third defendant, who denied the charge, Sgt. Fraser said he found the defendant on the Tjibadak with bean curd and cooked food. Defendant was mixing up with the passengers. Defendant denied that the bean curd and the cooked food belonged to him, and stated that he was a luggage coolie.

In answer to his Worship, Sgt. Fraser admitted that he did not actually see the defendant hawking.

His Worship decided to discharge the defendant, saying there might possibly have been some confusion.

SEEN AND HEARD ON THE SCREEN.**WONDERFUL DEVELOPMENT OF RADIO & TELEVISION.**

Schenectady, N.Y., May 22. A triumph of co-ordination of wireless and television was demonstrated at a meeting of the Rotary Club here to-day by the General Electric Company.

The audience not only saw and heard the speakers projected life-size on to a television screen, but by means of sensitive microphones throughout the hall the speakers, who were in a laboratory remote from the hall, were enabled to hear the comments of the audience on their addresses and to answer a volley of questions.

QUEEN MARY'S BIRTHDAY.**GREETINGS FROM ALL OVER THE WORLD.**

London, May 26. Queen Mary to-day celebrated her 64th birthday at Sandringham, Norfolk, where she received presents from members of the Royal Family, including her grand-children, and many messages of greeting from all parts of the world.

A Royal Salute of 24 guns was fired at Hyde Park, flags were flown from all public buildings, and all warships in home ports were dressed overall.

The Court returns to Buckingham Palace to-morrow.—*British Wireless.*

UNKNOWN CHINESE KILLED.**SPEED LIMIT QUESTION AT INQUIRY.**

An unknown Chinese who was killed by a Hongkong Hotel bus in Queen's Road Central on the 14th instant, was the subject of a Coroner's inquest, before Mr. Schofield at the Central Magistracy, yesterday afternoon. In a rider the jury suggested a fifteen mile per hour limit for all traffic in Queen's Road.

His Worship explained to the jury that two things had to be considered: (1) whether the bus driver took all possible precautions to avoid the accident; and (2), having regard to the circumstances to be set out by the enquiry, should any recommendation be made regarding traffic in Queen's Road Central.

Dr. A. V. Greaves, in charge of the Victoria Mortuary, testifying with regard to a post-mortem examination he made of the remains on the morning following the accident, said that certain of the ribs were fractured, and that both lungs and internal organs were ruptured. The injuries were consistent with the man having been run over by a heavy vehicle. The cause of death was shock and haemorrhage.

The skull was, however, uninjured, and there were no marks on either the front or back. Witness could not say if the body had been dragged along after being knocked down.

Police Officer on Scene.

Detective Sergeant J. O'Donovan, told the Court that while walking under the verandah on the north side of Queen's Road, near the junction of Jubilee Street, he heard shouts behind him. He walked into the street and looked back, in time to see an eastbound Hongkong Hotel bus (No. 612), travelling on its proper side, come to a stop, 20 yards from where he was standing.

He saw a Chinese male under the near side of the bus, his head and shoulders protruding from under the front mudguard, and his body midway between the front and rear wheels. He appeared to be lifeless.

When witness returned from a shop whence he telephoned for an ambulance, a Chinese doctor had appeared on the scene. The doctor examined the victim and pronounced life to be extinct; whereupon, witness cancelled the arrangements for the ambulance and had a dead box brought.

Answering a question by the jury, witness said that the bus was in a straight line along the roadway, nine feet from the kerb on its near side. The body was lying on its face.

Mr. J. A. Delgado, who was a passenger in the bus, in describing the accident, said that the deceased walked out from the verandah on the left side of the bus. He was carrying some boxes on his shoulder and was knocked down, notwithstanding the fact that the driver had sounded his horn besides swerving slightly to the right. A bus coming in the opposite direction prevented him from swerving too far to the right.

Corroborative evidence was given by the bus driver involved in the accident as well as the driver. In charge of the bus going in a westerly direction.

Evidence of the testing of the brakes and finding them in good condition was given by the Police.

Fatality Figures.

Inspector C. F. Alexander produced the driver's record and, at the request of the Coroner, gave figures of the fatal accidents in Queen's Road during the past two years. He said that in 1929 there were three fatal accidents, of which one involved a motor bus, while in 1930 there had been eight fatalities, including five in which buses were concerned. In one of these a passenger had been killed whilst alighting from a moving bus. During the past five months there had been four fatal accidents with one involving a bus, the present one being the second this year.

Witness stated there had been several accidents in other main thoroughfares including Connaught Road and Des Voeux Road, but he could not, off hand, say how figures for these two roads compared with those for Queen's Road. In Caine Road there were less accidents, as the community there was different from that in Queen's Road.

After reviewing the evidence the Coroner pointed out to the jury that with regard to the general traffic in Queen's Road the jury could make any recommendations they wished.

After deliberation the foreman (Mr. D. L. King) said that the members of the jury were of the opinion that death had been due to misadventure, with no blame attaching to the driver of the bus. The jury further recommended for consideration that the speed limit of 20 miles an hour for all omnibuses and commercial vehicles should be reduced to fifteen miles per hour in Queen's Road on account of the heavy pedestrian traffic.

CANTON REVOLT PLANS.**NATIONAL GOVT. TO BE FORMED.****LEADERS' SPEECHES.**

Canton, May 26.

Another conference of civil and military leaders of the Canton regime took place yesterday, at which it was decided to form a National Government instead of a military one. The Government will be inaugurated on the 28th inst. and it will have a National Council of 15 members which will have the control of five Departments, namely:

The Military, Financial, Foreign, Industrial and Commercial, and Communications.

There will be no Yuans as at present existing in Nanking.

The following gentlemen have been selected to be members of the National Council: Messrs. Tang Shao-yi, Wang Ching-wei, Sun Fo, Koo Ying-fan, Teng Tse-yu, Lin Shen, Hsiao Fu-cheng, Chan Chai-tong, Tsou Lu, Eugene Chen, and Wang Chung-hui, with Mr. Tang Shao-yi as President of the Council.

The heads of the five departments, however, have not been chosen yet.—*Reuska.*

New Recruits.

Canton, May 26. General Ho Chien, Commander of the 4th Route Army and Governor of the Provincial Government of Hunan, has decided to take the Canton side. Mr. Tsang, his chief of staff and representative, arrived at Canton to join yesterday's conference.

General Tang Sang-chi arrived here yesterday and attended the conference. General Hsu Sung-chi is expected to arrive here today. Both are important personages in the anti-Chiang movement.—*Reuska.*

Some Plain Speaking.

Canton, May 26. Anti Chiang Kai-shek feeling worked up to a high pitch at the session of the Provincial Kuomintang yesterday, when Messrs. Wang Ching-wei, Sun Fo, Tang Shao-yi, Tsou Lu and General Chan Chai-tong were among the speakers.

General Chan Chai-tong reported the complete suppression and disarmament of the Peace Preservation Corps, stationed at Whampoa and Hoihow (Hainan). Gen. Chan said that the bombastic statement made by Marshal Chiang recently to Shanghai foreign correspondents that, without using a single soldier in Nanking, the Central Government would be able to suppress the southern movement within one month was based on his confidence in the mutiny of the Peace Preservation Corps. The disarmament of the Corps has seen the frustration of Chiang's desire.

Chiang's Armies. Reviewing Chiang Kai-shek's connexion with the Kuomintang and Nationalist Army, Mr. Wang Ching-wei said that when the great Nationalist campaign in Nanking was organised in 1927 there were eight Nationalist Army Corps, under the command of Generals Chiang Kai-shek, Tan Yen-kai, Chu Pei-oh, Li Chai-sum, Li Fuk-lum, Ching Chien, Li Chung-yen, and Tang Sang-chi. Of these commanders, Gen. Chu Pei-oh had been deprived of all military power by Marshal Chiang; Generals Ching Chien and Tan Yen-kai were now deceased; Li Chai-sum was imprisoned in Nanking, while Generals Li Chung-yen and Tang Sang-chi (who are taking an active part in the present movement) were both compelled to sever connexion with Nanking because of the despotic rule of Marshal Chiang.

Revolutionary Movement. Mr. Tang Shao-yi emphasised the fact that the Canton movement was part of the revolutionary movement and it aimed at the overthrow of Chiang who had earned the displeasure of all Kuomintang officials and of the people because of his dictatorial measures.

Mr. Sun Fo said that he had come South for peace and he considered that the preservation of peace in China could not be established without the abdication of Marshal Chiang. Mr. Sun Fo strongly criticised the Nanking Central Kuomintang, Central Political Council, State Council and Legislative Council for neglecting national reconstruction while devoting their attention to petty politics which had brought disintegration among the rulers.

Mr. Sun Fo reviewed in detail the arrest of Mr. Hu Han-min, adding that Chiang attempted to bribe Mr. Wang Chung-hui, President of the Judicial Council, with \$10,000 to secure the latter's support to elect him as President of China at the Convention. The money was many times rejected and was never accepted by Mr. Wang Chung-hui, who was equally surprised and disgusted at the utter disrespect of the law by the head of the Nanking Government. The money was offered to Mr. Wang by Marshal Chiang's secretary.

GLOUCESTER'S SEABACK.

(Continued from Page 1.)

part in their downfall, his five wickets costing 50 runs.

FREEMAN TAKES TEN MORE WICKETS.

Kent Win Well After Being In Arrears.

Freeman is rapidly establishing himself as the leading bowler of the year. To his already large bag this season, he added ten Somerset wickets at Taunton and contributed largely to Kent's fourth successive victory.

Somerset batted first and were all out for 166, Freeman taking 4 for 63 while Watt had four for 44.

Kent fared even worse. They could do little with the bowling of Wellard, who took 6 for 39, and were dismissed for 146.

Somerset's second knock-out was not good enough to cause the visitors any anxiety. Freeman's 6 for 62 featured the innings which closed at 121, and Kent proceeded to hit up 144 for the loss of 3 wickets.

MIDDLESEX WIN.

Sussex Collapse in Second Innings.

At Lord's, what promised to be a very keen fight ended in an easy victory for Middlesex.

Sussex went in first and made 285, to which Middlesex replied with 324 for 6 wickets (Hendren 125). Conditions being unfavourable to the batsmen, the Middlesex skipper declared and was rewarded by the collapse of Sussex, the last wicket falling at 112.

Needing 74 runs to win, Middlesex experienced no difficulty in obtaining the runs, though two wickets fell for the 75 scored.

ESSEX IMPROVE.

Worcester Put Up a Poor Show.

Worcester, conquerors of Lancashire last week, put up a poor show against Essex at Leyton, presenting the home county with their first victory of the season.

Worcester obtained a lead on the first innings, but could not retain the advantage.

Essex made 155 (Root, 5 for 49) and Worcester replied with 182 (Eastman, 4 for 27).

In their second innings, Essex mustered the Worcester attack and declared with 249 runs on the board for 7 wickets. Five of these wickets were taken by Root, at a cost of 83 runs.

Needing 223, Worcester failed abjectly, mustering only 69. Nichols took 5 of their wickets for 13 runs, and Essex won by 156.

MANCHESTER WASHOUT.

Tame Fight in Battle of the Roses.

Rain at Manchester turned the great clash between Yorkshire and Lancashire into the tamest of tame matches. Only 435 runs were scored the whole game, and Yorkshire claimed over 300 of them, winning easily on the first innings.

The visitors won the toss and elected to bat first, their innings closing at 231. Lancashire could do no better than 123, Robinson taking 4 for 27 and Verity 5 for 64. Yorkshire had made 76 for 2 when stumps were drawn.

GREGORY IN FORM.

Good Bowling at Nottingham.

Surrey won on the first innings, at Nottingham, by a margin of 31 runs and would probably have beaten Nottingham had been kinder in the closing stages.

Gregory played a prominent part in Surrey's improvement. He took 5 wickets for 28 runs in Nottinghamshire's first innings, which closed at 130, and 4 for 42 in their second.

Surrey replied with 161, Larwood, who has been in capital form this season, taking 6 for 43.

In their second innings, Nottingham were all out for 155, P. G. H. Fender (5 for 51) assisting Gregory in bringing about their dismissal.

Surrey had made 22 for 1 when stumps were drawn.

RAIN AT NORTHAMPTON.

Leicester the Better Eleven.

Leicester proved themselves the better all-round eleven at Northampton, but owing to the weather, were unable to force a victory. They made 221 in their first innings and dismissed Northamptonshire for 169 (Astill, 5 for 33).

At the close of play, Leicester had hit up 147 for the loss of three wickets.

NOT OUT CENTURIES.

New Zealand Twice Declare at Cardiff.

The New Zealand tourists twice declared against Glamorgan at

RADIO BROADCAST**PROGRAMME OF RECORDED MUSIC.**

To-day's radio programme to be broadcast by Z. B. W. on a wavelength of 355 metres:

8.00-7.00 p.m. Chinese Programme.

8.00-8.30 p.m. Chinese Children's Programme.

7.00-10.30 p.m. European Programme of Victor and H. M. V. Records kindly supplied by Messrs. S. Moutrie and Co.

7.00-7.28 p.m. Waltzes.

Luxemburg (Léhar).

International Concert Orch. 36007.

Blue Danube (Strauss).

Tales from The Vienna Woods (Strauss).

Philadelphia Symphony Orch. 6584.

1. Paloma (Yradier).

On With the Dance.

Stahl's Band. 35880.

My Treasure (Becucci).

International Concert Orch. 35884.

8.00 p.m. (Local Time and Weather Report).

7.25-8.13 p.m. Variety.

Clarinet Solo-Blue Piano Stomp.

Clarinet Solo-Blue Clarinet Stomp.

Johnny Dodd's Trio. 21564.

Humorous Song-This is Heaven.

Humorous Song-Moscow.

Gracie Fields. B3244.

Organ Solo-Thaliedown.

Edward O'Henry. B3571.

Humorous Song-Oh, How I Weary.

Dearie, For You.

Humorous Song-That's the Reason.

Noo I Wear a Kilt.

Sir Harry Lauder (Baritone). D1493.

Banjo Quartet-A Swanee Sing Song.

Banjo Quartet-Whistling Rufus.

Emile Grimsshaw's Banjo Quartet. B3377.

Humorous Song-There's Nothing.

Over Sixpence in the Store.

Humorous Song-The Roast Beef of Old England.

Ernest Hastings. B2481.

8.13-8.30 p.m. Pianoforte Solos.

Staccato Etude (Rubinstein).

La Campanella (Paganini-Liszt).

Mischa Levitzki. D1489.

Pastorale e Capriccio (Scriabin).

Beno Moisevitich. E528.

8.30-8.51 p.m. Organ Solos.

Prelude in E Flat (Saint-Saens).

The Swan (Saint-Saens).

Marcel Dupre. E518.

Storm (Meale). B2347.

Marche Militaire (Schubert arr. Best).

Andantino (Lemare).

Arthur Meale. B2353.

8.51-9.35 p.m. A Concert.

Violin Solo-Rondo (Schubert-Friedberg).

Jascha Heifetz. 6691.

Song-Lo, Here the Gentle Lark.

Bishop).

Mavis Bennett (Soprano). C1229.

Flute Solo-The Carnival of Venice (Arr. Bricealdi).

Flute Solo-Hungarian Pastoral.

Fantasia (Doppler).

John Amadio. 6695.

Song-Sombre Woods (Lully).

Manual Henningway (Bass). B2689.

Instrumental Trio-L'Zingari (Leucavallio).

Instrumental Trio-Mirage (Coates).

De Groot-Violin-David Bor-Piano.

H. M. Calve (Cello). B3028.

Vocal Duet-The Thought That Never Entered my Head (Novello).

Vocal Duet-Moon Enchanted (Besley).

Winnie Melville and Derek Oldham. B3276.

(This Record is by Special Request.)

Carillon Solo-Country Dance in G Minor (Newton).

Carillon Solo-Spring Song (Mendelssohn).

W. E. Jordan. B2687.

9.35-10.24 p.m.

Symphony No. 2 in D Major, Op. 73 (Brahms).

The Philadelphia Symphony Orchestra-Conducted by Leopold Stokowski. D1877-D1882.

10.24 p.m. Rugby Mid-day Press News.

10.30 p.m. Close Down.

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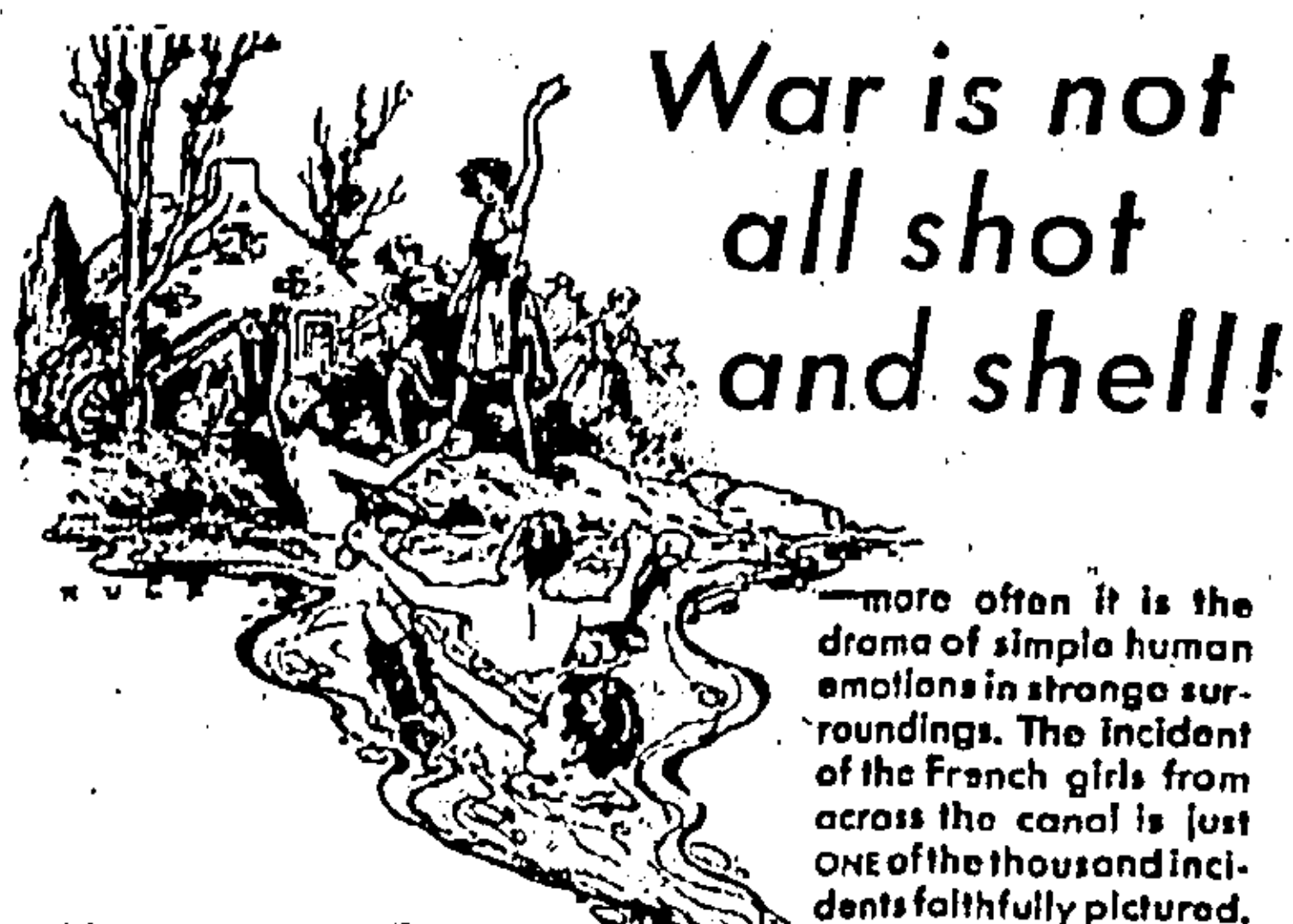
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emotions in strange sur-
roundings. The incident
of the French girls from
across the canal is just
one of the thousand inci-
dents faithfully pictured.

Now you can see Erich-Maria
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book in all its emotional power,
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promise to "movie" tradition.
Come and see the human side
of war as seen through the
eyes of Youth.

With Louis Wolheim, Lewis Ayres, John Wray. Adaptation
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WATER POLO LEAGUE.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE LOCAL SEASON.

There will be six teams in the first
division and twelve in the second
division of the local Water Polo
League during the coming season.
The programme was arranged at last
night's meeting of the committee of
the Hongkong Swimming Association.
The entries for the two leagues are:
First division.—V.R.C., Kowloon,
Royal Navy, South Wales Borderers,
Chinese Bathing Club, Chinese
Athletic Association.
Second division.—South Wales
Borderers, 20th Heavy Battery, 81st
Heavy Battery, 12th Heavy Battery,
Chinese Athletic Association, V.R.C.
"A", V.R.C. "B", Kowloon "A",
Kowloon "B", Argyll and Sutherland
Highlanders, Royal Corps of Signals,
Hongkong University.

The first round will begin on
Monday, June 1, and games will be
played at the V.R.C. on Monday,
Wednesday and Friday nights at 6
p.m. and 6.30 p.m. As June 3 is the
King's Birthday, there will be no
games fixed for that night.
The matches arranged for Monday
are V.R.C. v. Navy (first division)
and V.R.C. "A" v. V.R.C. "B", while
on Friday Kowloon will meet the
South Wales Borderers in the first
division, and the Chinese Athletic will
be opposed to the Borderers in the
second.

SUGAR MARKET.

THE LATEST CABLED QUOTATIONS.

The following cable at the close
of the sugar market yesterday has
been received by Messrs. Pen-
treath and Co.

London Terminals.

March 1932 6/6½ down ¼d.
May 1932 6/8½ down ¼d.
August 1931 6/1 down ¼d.
December 1931 6/4½ down ¼d.

New York Terminals.

March 1932 1.35 down 3 pts.
May 1932 1.41 down 3 pts.
July 1931 1.11 down 3 pts.
September 1931 1.19 down 3 pts.
December 1931 1.28 down 3 pts.

RECENT MURDER.

POLICE REWARD OF \$1,000 FOR INFORMATION.

An official notification published
yesterday offers a reward of
\$1,000, for information leading to
the conviction of the person or
persons who murdered Mr.
Douglas Carstairs, at No. 2 Lunn
Building, Kowloon, last Thursday.

CINEMA NOTES.

"MIN AND BILL" STRONG DRAMA.

Marie Dressler and Wallace Berry,
as a character team, provide the cen-
tral figures for "Min and Bill," Metro-
Goldwyn-Mayer's vivid drama of the
waterfront, now playing at the
Queen's Theatre, and, incidentally, are
giving film fans something decidedly
new in the form of screen entertain-
ment. Miss Dressler, best known for
her comedy, surprised the world with
her first character role in "Anna
Christie," and this time is a dominant,
forceful figure who raises to supreme
dramatic heights, Berry, who played
the sinister Butch in "The Big House,"
presents a character lovable rather
than awesome.

The story depicts the struggle be-
tween a foster mother and natural
mother for the happiness of a girl,
and the tremendous denouement
that solve the problem is a decidedly
new note in the drama of the screen.
There is not a let up in the breathless
interest in this astounding story, and
despite its poignant drama, there
are many comedy moods, as well as a
charming love romance, to lighten its
more sombre moments.

Miss Dressler is a dominant figure
as Min, keeper of the waterfront dive,
and Berry plays her lover Bill, fishing
smack captain, with deft skill. A
newcomer to the screen scores heavily
in the person of Marjorie Rambeau,
seen as the evil Bella.

Amazing Animal Scenes in Film.

Are you one of those who believe
that the ostrich hides its head with
the idea that he's hiding from an
enemy? Or that the lion is really the
king of beasts?

They're both myths, like a good
many stories of the jungle. The
ostrich doesn't do anything so stupid—
and as for the lion—well, a good-sized
zebra can kick the daylight out of
him and put him to flight easily.

These are just a couple of odd facts
that audiences see with their own eyes
and hear with their own ears in
"Trader Horn," Metro-Goldwyn-
Mayer's sensational drama of Africa,
which will open simultaneously at the
Queen's, Star and World Theatres on
Thursday.

It was filmed by the biggest picture
expedition that ever went into Africa,
and that took with it the first and
only sound recording apparatus ever
to invade the dark continent. There
were many thrills in that 25,000 mile
trip, in which a safari of several
hundred and a small army of trucks
and autos invaded spots never photo-
graphed before.

The cameramen crept up on lions,
leopards, rhinoceros, crocodiles, and
other denizens of the jungle, and
actually placed microphones to catch
their voices. It was of a danger-
ous task. Once a rhino charged, and
was dropped only a few feet from the
cameraman. Another time a technician
was setting a microphone in a tree at

night, when a leopard investigated
and the technician was saved only by
the prompt shooting of W. S. Van
Dyke, the director.

The safari travelled through densest
jungles, native labourers cutting roads
ahead of them for the autos, sound
truck, camera truck and other ap-
paratus. Camps were pitched in the
very midst of the wilderness.
Hundreds of hardships were under-
gone, despite every precaution.

Harry Carey plays Trader Horn,
Nina is played by Edwina Booth and
Fenn by Duncan Renaldo in the mighty
transcription of Aloysius Horn's fam-
ous book. The trek took the safari
into the Uganda, into Tanganyika, the
Belgian Congo, the headwaters of the
Nile, and the deadly "sleeping sick-
ness" country about Lake Albert.

Native ceremonies, dances, the wild
"juju" or magic hysteria, and other
details of jungle life were filmed from
authentic occurrences, as were the
animal thrills. Hundreds of crocodiles,
hippo, rhino and, in fact, every beast
found in Africa, even to the great
wild elephants, contribute thrills and
gasps to the picture, which was more
than two years in the making.

W. S. Van Dyke, who directed the
production, is famous for such several
romances as "White Shadows in the
South Seas" and "The Pagan."

"The Marriage Playground".

To referee a sand fight, to care for
a baby and to meet his sweetheart
all at the same time is the triple
acting performed by Fredric March
in one of the scenes of Paramount's
"The Marriage Playground" which is
showing for the last time to-day at
the Central Theatre.

In this picture March finds himself
the centre of a sand fight on the Lido
beach in which Philippe de Lacy,
Anita Louise, Little Mitzl, Billy Seay
and Ruby Parsely engage with much
spirit. At the minute the battle is
beginning Anita Louise dumps Donald
Smith, nine-months-old baby, into his
surprised arms. As he tries to stop
the fight, and to protect the baby,
Mary Brian, elder sister of the
children, and the girl with whom he
is in love, steps into the scene.

"The Marriage Playground" is
based on the famous best-selling
novel, "The Children" by Edith
Wharton.

The story was published in serial
form in Pictorial Review in 1928.

Among those in the supporting cast
of the production are Lilyan Tash-
man, Huntley Gordon, Kay Francis,
William Austin, Scene Owen, Jocelyn
Lee, Maude Turner Gordon, David
Newell and Joan Standing.

Lothar Mendes directed the picture.
He was the director of Clara Bow's
"Dangerous Curves" and Buddy
Rogers' and Nancy Carroll's
"Illusion."

The picture has pathos, romance,
comedy and drama. It is real enter-
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primitive conflict! Survival of the fittest in civilization's last
untamed frontier!

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RENALDO, EDWINA BOOTH**

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ADRIANUS 2nd June For Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, Tientsin, Peking, Hankow, Yokohama, Kobe, Osaka, Manila, Cebu, Singapore, Penang, Colombo, Suez, Port Said, London, Rotterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp, London, Liverpool, Glasgow

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Taketoyo Maru ... Sunday, 14th June.

LIVERPOOL via Port Said, Constantinople,

Gonos & Marseilles.

Dakar Maru ... Monday, 15th June.

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Rangoon.

Bongal Maru ... Friday, 29th May.

Penang Maru ... Monday, 8th June.

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.

Yasukuni Maru ... Wednesday, 27th May.

Durban Maru ... Thursday, 28th May.

Tango Maru ... Saturday, 30th May.

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TO SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA	Kutsang Hosang Yuchsang	Mon. 8th June at 3 p.m. Tues. 16th June at 3 p.m. Mon. 22nd June at 3 p.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	Yuonsang Suisang	Tues. 2nd June at 7 a.m. Wed. 1st July at 7 a.m.
TO OSAKA via AMOI, SHANGHAI, MOJI & KOBE	Kumsang	Fri. 19th June at 7 a.m.
TO SANDAKAN	Mausang Hinsang	Wed. 27th May at 3 p.m. Sun. 7th June at 10 a.m.
TO TIENTSIN via SWATOW & FOOCHOW	Cheongsing Chipsing	Sun. 7th June at 7 a.m. Fri. 19th June at 7 a.m.
TO SHANGHAI via SWATOW	Walshing	Tues. 2nd June at 7 a.m.

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AIR CONDITIONING.

HOW KING'S THEATRE IS KEPT COOL.

Air conditioning is a branch of engineering that has come into prominence only during recent years, but it has made such rapid progress that modern engineers can now adjust machinery to any requirements, while fans and other cooling devices have been relegated to the limbo of forgotten things. That is why the air conditioning plant installed at the King's Theatre, now that it has been adapted to local conditions, will maintain an even comfortable standard, whatever the temperature is outside.

The King's Cinema Theatre is the first public building in Hongkong to be equipped with an air conditioning plant, although the system has been installed in several Shanghai theatres, and is a feature of most of the big theatres of America and elsewhere. The Jardine Engineering Company fitted the King's with the York Shipley scheme, an American plan which practically works automatically.

Many things had to be taken into consideration in installing the system at the King's, where many people are crowded into a comparatively small space. The four main things were the quantity, purity, temperature and humidity of the air, and after various tests, engineers arrived at what they considered the most desirable degree of temperature and humidity inside the theatre. These conditions are described as the "comfort line," and are based on the temperature and humidity of the inside air in comparison with that of the outside air. The scale on which the King's plant works, is to maintain the humidity inside the theatre at 60 per cent., and to regulate the temperature inside on a scale a few degrees below that of the outside air. This ratio is as follows, the figures in parentheses being the inside temperature:—75 deg. (73), 80 (75), 85 (76), 90 (77), 95 (80), 100 (83).

Many Considerations.

In order to arrive at these figures the engineers had to begin calculations, taking the local daily weather reports as a guide. This established the expected outside air conditions, and then efforts were made to calculate the amount of heat that would have to be removed from the building. This consisted of two large items and many small ones. The first big item was the heat penetration through the walls of the building, which usually averages about 25 per cent. of the total refrigeration requirements, while the second and largest item was the amount of heat radiated by the people in the theatre. This represents about 60 per cent. of the requirements. The average person sitting at rest radiates enough heat each hour to raise the temperature of 400 lbs. of water, 1 degree Fahrenheit. This meant that 1,200 people in the King's

Theatre would radiate enough heat in an hour to raise the temperature of 480,000 lbs. of water, 1 degree, or sufficient to melt two tons of ice. The smaller factors to be considered included the heat radiated by lights and brought in through open doors.

The air conditioning plant at the King's can be likened somewhat to the human body, with the machinery in the basement as the heart, and the numerous supply and return ducts leading to all parts of the theatre, serving as veins and arteries.

The air circulation is produced by a multivane fan of such a size that it requires a 20 h.p. motor to operate it. The elaborate system of air ducts distributes fresh air into the theatre overhead and collecting the foul air through openings in the floors, returns the air to the purifier.

Huge Air Washer.

The purifying, cooling and dehumidifying of the air is performed in an apparatus known as an air washer and consists of a large galvanised iron room fitted inside with spray nozzles which, when supplied with a suitable quantity of water under pressure, produces a finely divided spray through which the air blows. This spray removes all form of dirt, dust, smoke and other impurities and sends the air out into the theatre again with the freshness that is felt after a rainstorm. This air washer also cools the air to the desired temperature, as the water used to produce the spray is cooled to a low temperature. The third function of the air washer is dehumidifying the air. The question of humidity is, of course, a most important one in Hongkong.

Mechanical refrigeration used in cooling the King's Theatre, requires machinery sufficient to produce the same effect as the melting of 120 tons of ice per day. This cooling is divided between two machines, which are used separately or together, depending on the number of people inside the theatre and the temperature and humidity of the outside air. These machines require 175 h.p. with an additional 50 h.p. for auxiliary equipment. Approximately 250 h.p. of electrical energy is used.

An unusual feature of fitting the cooling plant at the King's was that one of the most difficult obstacles to be overcome was the securing of cooling water to condense the refrigerant. A compression of 200 lbs. to the square inch was necessary for refrigeration and this required 400 gallons of water a minute.

This water is not connected with the air washing but is used merely in the condensers and then allowed to run away, as it cannot be used again.

In ordinary circumstances this water could have been procured from artesian wells or from city supplies but in Hongkong, neither was available, and the only source was from the harbour. A pumping station was therefore erected on the Praya and six inch mains were laid across private property to the theatre.



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TARDY JUROR FINED.

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When the names of six residents, summoned to serve yesterday afternoon on the jury in a death enquiry before Mr. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy, were called, it was found that one of them, Mr. J. K. Bousfield, of the A.P.C., was absent.

Half-an-hour after the enquiry had commenced, with three of those present being ballotted to serve as jurors, Mr. Bousfield made an appearance, but he had no excuse to give when interrogated by the Coroner, except saying that he was ready to serve.

His Worship: I am afraid you cannot serve on the jury now, because somebody else has taken your place.

After a pause, the Coroner remarked: You had better pay ten dollars into the Poor Box. It is outside.

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Pres. Garfield S. ... July 12, 8 a.m.
Pres. Polk ... Sun., July 26, 8 a.m.
Pres. Adams Sun., Aug. 9, 8 a.m.

To Manila

Pres. Fillmore ... May 31, 8 a.m.
Pres. Wilson ... June 2, 6 p.m.
Pres. Jefferson ... June 6, 6 p.m.

Pres. Monroe ... June 14, 8 a.m.
Pres. Johnson ... June 16, 6 p.m.
Pres. Lincoln ... June 20, 6 p.m.

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"THESE MONEY THEORIES."

(Continued from Page 2.)

blems the Guernsey Meat Market seems to have been exempt from that servitude to Capitalism which the whole creation groanseth. By the simple expedient of paying for the work in Government notes, eventually redeemed out of the market revenues, all tribute to the capitalist was avoided. In fact of this successful experiment, the fact that we, in England, continue to raise loans and subject ourselves to dragging a lengthening chain of interest seems so perplexingly foolish as to be inexplicable.

Well, that's all right so far as it goes. It bears out all that we know about the essential absurdity of interest. It shows quite clearly that Lord Passfield is a man of affairs untrammelled by tradition, but, as if to prove that he has not irrevocably cut himself off from the old gang of "quantity theorists," Lord Passfield adds "If prices in Guernsey rose, even by one-halfpenny in the shilling, eggs, for instance, sold twenty-four for a shilling, instead of twenty-five, this represented a burden on the Guernsey consumers exactly analogous to a tax of four per cent. on their egg purchases. Instead of paying interest on a loan they unwittingly chose to pay more for their eggs."

You will particularly notice, gentlemen, how persistently interest and eggs are identified with economic problems. If I have dealt with this case at length it is because I think it is not unreasonable to assume that the ultimate solution of our own currency difficulties may conceivably be found in the total abolition of interest in this Colony and the establishment in Hongkong, not of a stable gold standard, but of a fluctuating egg standard.

A Common Fallacy.

And now I would like to refer to a common fallacy that money is wealth. It is responsible for a good deal of confused thought, especially with regard to over-production, that, as Mr. Henry Ford would tell us, is only to be met by producing more. Over-production is one of those loosely applied terms that are very apt, under the influence of a political-minded press, to lose their real meaning. Generally speaking, what is referred to as over-production is simply under-consumption and this is by no means the same thing. It does not follow that because Russia is dumping wheat and timber in England that Russia is growing wealthier by exporting commodities that have a greater real value to the underfed and poorly-housed peasantry of that country than to the present actual consumers.

This over-production idea is the foundation of the fallacy known as the "favourable trade balance" that lays down the astonishing principle that when two nations trade together one must gain and the other lose. It tells us that the nation whose exports exceed its imports necessarily becomes richer by the balance transferred in treasure. The term "favourable trade balance" is a misnomer. Whether exports exceed imports or vice-versa each country enriches itself by international trade, as each obtains what it wants and gets rid of the surplus

that it doesn't want—unless, of course, it strikes a tangent from the normal and works on the peculiar lines followed by Russia.

Real Wealth.

No nation, merely by accumulating stocks of gold, can add to its income. It may add to its political safety by filling a war chest, but it does not add to its true national wealth. Real wealth is not money, but money's worth. The balance that matters is not of exports over imports but of production over consumption.

This is no modern discovery. Locke, writing in 1691 puts it in this way:—"If that would make the lighter scale on a balance preponderate to the heavier will not so easily do it by adding new gold to the lighter as by taking old gold from the heavier and using it to supplement the lighter, for then half the quantity will do it. Wealth does not consist in having more gold, but by having enough to procure for ourselves a greater plenty of the conveniences of life than comes within the reach of our neighbours. If the quantity of gold in the world became twice as much as it is and our share of it was doubled we should not be one jot the richer. The true value of money is found only when it passes from one to another in buying and selling."

Capital Levy.

And now, gentlemen, I have no time to do more than make a brief reference to a popular misconception of that very able and statesmanlike measure known as the Capital Levy. It is intimately concerned with all our money problems and has the approval of most of the leading economists of our time—for it is, after all, a very modern conception, arising out of the appalling state of our finances and the fantastic amount of interest, roughly about a million pounds a day, that we have to pay on War Debts alone.

It is most unfortunate that so important an economic measure should be handled about in the confusion of party politics and that the Capital Levy should be generally associated with the signing of the Red Flag and similar discordant manifestations that, however properly they may belong to the House of Commons, are out of place in assemblies of thinking people.

The common fallacy about the Capital Levy is that it means confiscation. Nothing is farther from the truth. It means relief from an intolerable burden of taxation and a return to business prosperity. I am not talking politics. I don't take the slightest interest in politics. I assure you I haven't any idea as to whether we are at the moment laboriously suffering under a Conservative Government or conservatively suffering under a Labour Government. I look on this matter purely as a money problem—as an actual adjustment of our finances on sound and reasonable lines, free from injustice and fair to everybody. Why should a levy, paid once and for all, be any more confiscation than Death Duties paid once and for all, or Income Tax paid year after year?

A nation that seeks to pay off its War Debt of these grotesque dimensions by crippling industry with a crushing burden of annual taxation is like a man that keeps on taking his temperature instead of taking his medicine. Of all the muddled theories about money this "confiscation" theory of the Capital Levy is the most puzzling

CONSIGNEES' NOTICE.

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Damaged Packages must be left
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No claims will be admitted after
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R. OHL,
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Hongkong, 25th May, 1931.

WHITSUN HOLIDAY.

CONGESTION AT CERTAIN
POPULAR ATTRACTIONS.

London, May 26.

Brilliant sunshine in southern
England favoured holiday-makers
yesterday, and the resorts at the
seaside and in the country were
crowded.

The beauty spots in the neighbourhood of London have probably never proved so popular. It is estimated that 350,000 people visited Hampton Court during the day. Nearly 8,000 passed through the gates of the London "Zoo," and about the same number attended the Crystal Palace.

Immense crowds were present at the cricket matches and other sports meetings, and the Thames riverside resorts attracted a record number of visitors.

Congestion of traffic was, however, most acute on the roads leading to the new country zoo at Whipsnade, about thirty miles from London. Twenty-eight thousand people paid for admission, but an immense number were unable to reach the new park, as the omnibus services could not accommodate a large proportion of the people who arrived by train at the stations within a few miles of Whipsnade, and it became necessary to cancel the zoo tickets by later trains. Owing to congestion on the roads to the zoo, occupants of a large majority of private cars were also forced to abandon the journey, and it was late at night before the roads were cleared of picnic traffic.

British Wireless.

to me.

It is impossible now to discuss the matter, as it would encroach too much on our time, but if you can keep the subject clear of politics and confine it solely to interest—and perhaps also to eggs—you might find it a profitable topic of enquiry and discussion at one of your future meetings.

I am greatly obliged, gentlemen, for the patient hearing you have given me.—(Applause).

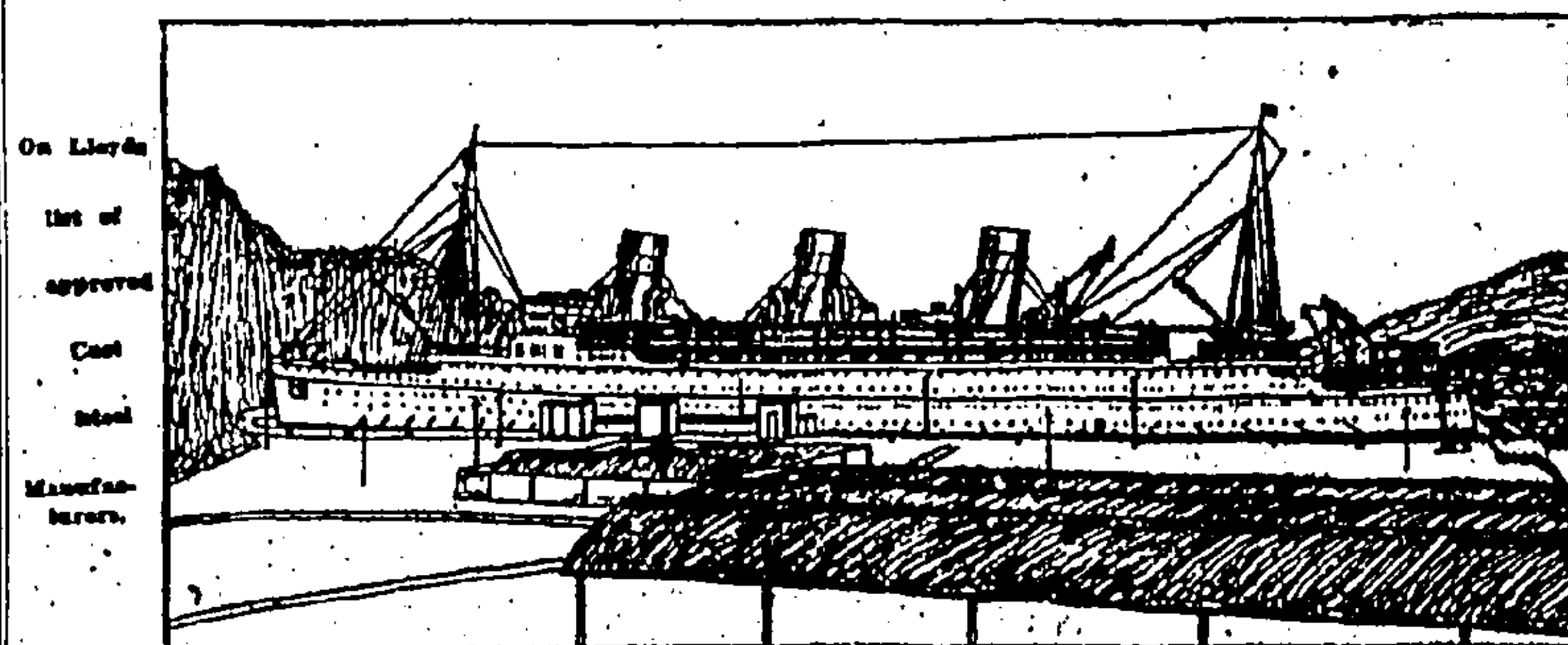
Thanks to the speaker were expressed by the Hon. Mr. W. E. L. Shenton.

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*PERIM	7,700	25th July.	M's, Havre, L'don, H'burg, Rotterdam & Antwerp
*KHYBER	9,000	1st Aug.	M's, L'don, R'dm & A'werp
*SOMALI	6,800	8th Aug.	M's, Havre, L'don, Hull, H'burg, R'dm & A'werp
RAJPUTANA	17,000	15th Aug.	Bombay, M's & L'don
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KASHGAR	9,000	5th June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
PERIM	7,700	10th June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
TAKADA	17,000	18th June.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
RAWALPINDI	6,800	19th June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
*SOMALI	7,745	27th June.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama
SIRDHANA	7,745	2nd July.	Amoy, Moji, Kobe & Osaka
KHYBER	9,114	3rd July.	S'hai, Moji, Kobe & Yokohama

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TAIPING	July 2nd	July 2nd	July 2nd	July 12th
CHANGTE	Aug. 31st	Aug. 31st	Aug. 31st	Sept. 10th
TAIPING	Sept. 8th	Sept. 8th	Sept. 8th	Sept. 18th

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THE NEW EMPRESS.

HUGE LINER'S MAIDEN VOYAGE TO-DAY.

London, May 26. The 42,000 tons Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain, which cost \$3,000,000 is due to leave Southampton for Quebec and Montreal on her maiden voyage to-morrow.

The new vessel, which is 758 feet long and has a beam of 97 feet, was built at Clydebank and launched in June last year by the Prince of Wales. Her speed will permit of the open sea crossing being cut down to three and a half days. During the day and half in the St. Lawrence River all immigration and passport formalities will be completed.—British Wireless.

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MACMILLAN COMPANY PROSECUTES.

SELLERS CONVICTED

The Macmillan Book Publishing Co., Ltd., of London, brought a summons against the Taising Bookshop, of 79, Hollywood Road, before Mr. Schofield, at the Central Magistracy this morning, for having in their possession, with the view to sale, 11 school text-books to which false trade descriptions were applied. The case was under Section 3 of the Merchandise Marks Ordinance.

Mr. F. H. Kwok was for the complainant company, and Mr. J. M. D'Almada Remedios for the defendants.

Mr. Kwok said the books in question were algebra books, arithmetic books and other text-books used in local schools and in examinations held by the University. They were good photographic copies of the ones issued under copyright by the Macmillan Publishing Company. He desired to bring the case to the notice of other book dealers in the Colony as a warning.

For the defendants, Mr. D'Almada Remedios pleaded a technical offence. He said the same bookshop had figured in two previous summonses, and this had led the proprietors to dismiss their late manager, Tsui Ping-yat. Unfortunately, when the new manager took over the post, he was left in ignorance as to which of the books infringed the law. Now they gave an undertaking to hand over all the undesirable copies.

Mr. Schofield, in registering a conviction, made an order for the 11 copies to be handed over to the complainants and allowed costs to the extent of \$50 for the latter.

No Cause for Alarm.

Despatch of Fresh Troops to Burma.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

London, May 26.

A Burma situation report issued by the India Office refers to minor encounters between Government forces and bodies of rebels which occurred last week in Tharavaddy, Hénzad and Thayetmyo Districts. None occurred in the Prome District where the rebels are said to have failed to obtain adherents, and to be now reduced to about 40, who are hiding near the Thayetmyo border.

Immediate action prevented outbreaks in several districts in Upper and Lower Burma from which reports that looting was taking place had been received.

The communal situation is reported to be under control, although occasional attacks on Indians and Chinese have occurred in several districts.

A Rangoon telegram referring to the despatch of troops to-day from India to Burma, says an official statement has been issued explaining that these are coming to put down the rebellion to prevent outrages against Indians, and generally to restore law and order.

Troops will be stationed at Headquarters in all districts where the rebellion continues, with detachments at out stations and other places mainly in the Dry Zone while the extra Military Police will be maintained in the rebel areas.

Secunderabad, May 26.

The 12th Infantry Brigade and the 3/16th Punjabis are leaving for Burma to-night.

Other troops are also waiting for

NEW HANGAR FOR SINGAPORE.

GOVERNMENT TO RENDER ASSISTANCE.

FOR CIVIL AIRCRAFT.

The Straits Times announces that an important step towards the encouragement of private and commercial aviation has been taken by the Straits Settlements Government in co-operation with the Royal Air Force.

Hitherto the Royal Air Force has courteously extended the hospitality of the R.A.F. hangars to the mail service aeroplanes and to the numerous long distance flyers who have used Seletar aerodrome as a landing place.

Now, however, with the increasing demand of civil aviation and in order further to promote and encourage the growth of private and commercial aerial transport and travel, the Government of the Straits Settlements, by arrangement with the Air Ministry, has placed an order for a large and modern hangar to be erected at Seletar.

The new hangar will be practically an all-steel structure about 100 feet long by 100 feet wide and 20 feet to the eaves.

It is understood that in due course the necessary amenities in the way of ground service and fueling facilities will be available. The Dutch air mail aeroplanes will be among those which will use the new hangar.

The new hangar will be built by the United Engineers, Ltd.

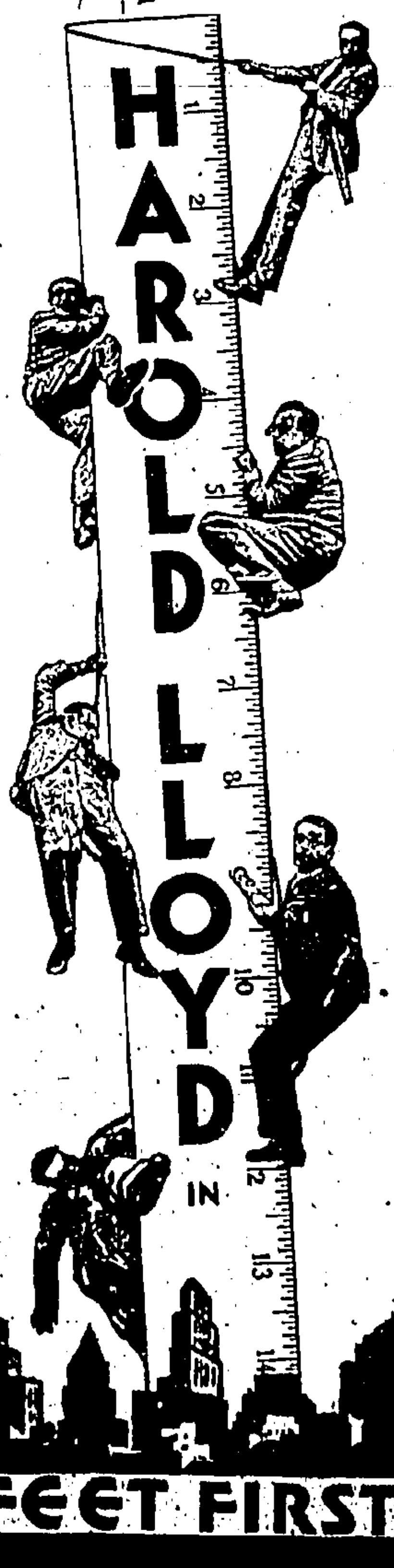
orders to leave, but the military authorities are reticent regarding the situation.

Future troop movements will depend on the situation and the accommodation available.—Reuter and British Wireless.

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MONARCH OF THEM ALL

EVERY INCH A LAUGH!



Final Showing To-day

at 2.30, 5.10, 7.15

& 9.30 p.m.

The 'ONE and ONLY HAROLD LLOYD in a Paramount All-Talking and Laughing Comedy!

The Biggest Scream Since

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The special COOLING PLANT

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Plans Now Open—Book Early.

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AMUSEMENTS

AT THE

QUEEN'S Final Showings To-day At 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.20

MARIE DRESSLER



~and guess who?

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A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer TALKING PICTURE

You've always wanted to see these outstanding stars together.

Well, here they are, in a picture that sweeps you along the road of laughter, tears, tense drama, to an unforgettable climax!

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Special Added Attractions

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The most famous of all modern adventures now comes to you—

TRADER HORN

Directed by W. S. VAN DYKE

The sounds and cries of jungle beasts the chant of the savage tom-toms, beat an incessantly throbbing tune against which you see the grandest romantic adventure of all times!

In order to cope with the assured increase in patronage and to enable all theatre-goers to see the miracle picture of the year at their convenience M-G-M's mightiest production will be shown simultaneously at the QUEEN'S-STAR & WORLD Theatres.